

The Gazette of India



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NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 13th June 1961:—

Issue No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
158	S.O. 1355, dated 9th June, 1961.	Ministry of Home Affairs.	Nomination of Shri V. T. Krishnamachari to the Council of States by the President.
159	S.O. 1356, dated 9th June, 1961.	Ministry of Food and Agriculture.	The power of Central Government will be exercisable by the Collector of the Dhulia district of the State of Maharashtra in respect of stocks of certain varieties of cattle fodder.
160	S.O. 1357, dated 9th June, 1961.	Ministry of Railways	Appointment of Claims Commissioner to deal with compensation claims arising out of accident of 6 Down North Bengal Express on 19th April, 1961.
161	S.O. 1358, dated 12th June, 1961.	Ministry of Information and Broadcasting	Approval of films specified therein.
162	S.O. 1359, dated 12th June, 1961.	Ministry of Steel, Mines and Fuel.	Notice of acquiring lands under the Coal Bearing Areas (Acquisition and Development) Act, 1957.
163	S.O. 1360, dated 12th June, 1961.	Ministry of Finance	Sanction of the scheme on and subject the terms and conditions mentioned therein in respect of the Wankaner Bank Ltd.
	S.O. 1361 dated 12th June, 1961.	Do.	The orders of moratorium in respect of the Wankaner Bank Ltd., shall be in force upto 16th June, 1961.
	S.O. 1362, dated 12th June, 1961.	Do.	The 17th June 1961 is the specified date in relation to amalgamation of the Wankaner Bank Ltd.

Issue No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
164	S.O. 1363, dated 13th June, 1961.	Ministry of Commerce and Industry.]	Amendment in the Notification No. S.O. 1162, dated 4th May, 1960.
165	S.O. 1364, dated 13th June, 1961.	Election Commission, India.	Corrections to Notification No. 282/RN/61, dated 31st May, 1961, published as S.O. 1290.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

Statutory orders and notifications issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).

ELECTION COMMISSION, INDIA

New Delhi, the 15th June 1961

S.O. 1411.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 22 of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, the Election Commission hereby cancels its notification No. 434/3/61(1), dated the 24th April, 1961/Vaisakha 4, 1883 (Saka), published in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3—Sub-section (ii), No. 18, dated the 6th May, 1961/Vaisakha 16, 1883.

[No. 434/3/61(1).]

By Order,

PRAKASH NARAIN, Secy.

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 16th June 1961

S.O. 1412.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (1) of Section 5 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1922, the Controller General of Emigration has been pleased to appoint Shri Madhavan Kutty, Acting Regional Passport Officer, Calcutta, to perform all the duties of the Protector of Emigrants under the said Act at the port of Calcutta during the period of absence on leave of Shri Bimal Chandra Roy Chowdhury, with effect from 19th June, 1961.

(F. 3(5)/PV-IV/60.)

[No. CPEO/56/61.]

N. K. GHOSE, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Expenditure)

New Delhi, the 14th June 1961

S.O. 1413.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 and clause (5) of article 148 of the Constitution, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the President, after consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor General in respect of persons employed in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department, hereby makes the following rules to amend the General Provident Fund (Central Services) Rules, 1960, namely:—

1. These Rules may be called the General Provident Fund (Central Services) First Amendment Rules, 1961.

2. In the General Provident Fund (Central Services) Rules, 1960—

(I) the Note under rule 4 shall be numbered as Note (1) thereof and after Note (1) so numbered the following Note shall be inserted, namely:—
 “[Note] (2) A temporary Government servant who completes one year of continuous service during the middle of a month shall subscribe to the Fund from the subsequent month.”

“(II) in paragraph 2 of the Fifth Schedule, the entry ‘The Private Secretary to the President’ shall be omitted.”

[No F.8(2)-EV(B)/61.]

S.O. 1414.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 and clause (5) of article 148 of the Constitution, and after consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor General in relation to persons serving in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department, the President hereby makes the following regulations further to amend the Civil Service Regulations, namely:—

1. These Regulations may be called the Civil Service (Seventeenth Amendment) Regulations, 1961.

2. In the Civil Service Regulations in article 531B,

(i) in clause (c), after the words ‘under a company’, the words “co-operative society,” shall be inserted;

(ii) after the existing Explanation, the following Explanation shall be inserted, namely:—

“Explanation II—For the purpose of this Article, employment under a co-operative society shall include the holding of any office, whether elective or otherwise, such as that of President, Chairman, Manager, Secretary, Treasurer and the like, by whatever name called in such a society.”

[No. F.4(35)-EV(C)/61.]

N. K. BHOJWANI, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 14th June 1961

S.O. 1415.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 53 of the Banking Companies Act, 1949 (10 of 1949) and Rule 16 of the Banking Companies Rules, 1949, the Central Government, on the recommendation of the Reserve Bank of India, hereby declares that the provisions of section 31 of the said Act and Rule 15 of the said Rules shall not apply to the undernoted banking companies in so far as they relate to the publication of their balance sheets and profit and loss accounts for the year ended the 31st December 1960, together with the auditors' reports, in a newspaper.

1. Ajodhia Bank Ltd., Faizabad.
2. Bank of the East (1927) Ltd., Gauhati.
3. Bank of Travancore Ltd., Munnar.
4. Bharat National Bank Ltd., Chakradharpur.
5. Central Banking Corporation of Travancore. Ltd., Alleppey.
6. Derajat Bank Ltd., Amritsar.
7. Frontier Bank Ltd., New Delhi.
8. Merchant's Bank Ltd., Tanjore.
9. National Trust Bank Ltd., Calcutta.
10. Purnea Banking Corporation Ltd., Purnea.
11. Sringeri Sri Sarada Bank Ltd., Sringeri.
12. United Mercantile Bank (Assam) Ltd., Golaghat.
13. Vasudeva Vilasam Bank (Private) Ltd., Perintalmanna.

[No. F. 4(117)-BC/61.]

S.O. 1416.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of Section 45 of the Banking Companies Act, 1949, the Central Government hereby extends the period of moratorium granted by it in respect of the Merchants' Bank Ltd., Tanjore under the aforesaid sub-section upto and including the 20th August, 1961.

[No. F.4(48)-BC/61.]

D. N. GHOSH, Under Secy.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 2nd day of June, 1961.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

Liabilities	Rs.	Rs.	Assets	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department . . .	28,23,29,000		A. Gold Coin and Bullion :—		
Notes in circulation . . .	19,62,52,37,000		(a) Held in India . . .	117,76,03,000	
Total Notes issued . . .		19,90,75,66,000	(b) Held outside India	
			Foreign Securities . . .	113,00,89,000	
			TOTAL OF A . . .		230,76,92,000
			B. Rupee Coin . . .		118,05,04,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities . . .		16,41,93,70,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper
TOTAL LIABILITIES . . .		19,90,75,66,000	TOTAL ASSETS . . .		19,90,75,66,000

Dated, the 7th day of June, 1961.

H. V. R. IENGAR,
Governor.

[No. F.3(2)-BC/61.]
A. BAKSI, Jt. Secy.

CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE*New Delhi, the 15th June 1961*

S.O. 1418.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922) and in partial modification of all previous notifications on the subject the Central Board of Revenue hereby directs that with effect from 1st June, 1961 (forenoon) Shri G. S. Srivastava a Commissioner of Income-tax, shall perform all the functions of Commissioner of Income-tax in respect of such areas or of such persons or classes of persons or such incomes or classes of incomes or such cases or classes of cases as are comprised in the Income-tax Circles, Wards or Districts in the State of Bombay as specified below:—

1. Companies Circle I (All Sections).
2. Companies Circle II (All Sections).
3. Companies Circle III (6).
4. Companies Circle IV (All Sections).
5. Bombay Circle I (E.P.T.).
6. A-I Ward.
7. A-III Ward.
8. A-IV Ward.
9. A-V Ward.
10. Market Ward.
11. C-II Ward.
12. Salaries Branch I.
13. Salaries Branch II.
14. Bombay Refund Circle.
15. Non-residents Refund Circle.
16. Foreign Section.
17. Income-tax cum Estate Duty Circle.
18. Special Survey Circle I.
19. Special Survey Circle IV.
20. Special Investigation Branch.
21. Evacuees Circle I.

Provided that he shall also perform his functions in respect of such persons or of such cases as have been or may be assigned by the Central Board of Revenue to any Income-tax Authority subordinate to him.

Provided further that he shall not perform his functions in respect of such persons or such cases as have been or may be assigned to any Income-tax Authority outside his jurisdictional area.

While performing the said functions the said Shri G. S. Srivastava shall be designated as the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay City I, with headquarters at Bombay.

Explanatory Note

NOTE.—The amendments have become necessary due to a change in the incumbent of Commissioner's post.

(The above note does not form a part of the notification but is intended to be merely clarificatory).

[No. 34 (F. No. 55/1/61-IT).]

INCOME-TAX*New Delhi, the 15th June 1961*

S.O. 1419.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (11 of 1922) and in partial modification of all previous notifications on the subject the Central Board of Revenue hereby directs that with effect from 1st June, 1961 (forenoon) Shri G. S. Srivastava a Commissioner of Income-tax, shall perform all the functions of Commissioner of Income-tax in respect of such areas or of such persons or classes of persons or such

incomes or classes of Incomes or such cases or classes of cases as are comprised in the Income-tax Circles, Wards or Districts in the State of Bombay as specified below:—

1. Companies Circle III (All Sections except Section 6).
2. A-II Ward.
3. B-I Ward.
4. B-II Ward.
5. B-III Ward.
6. C-I Ward.
7. C-III Ward.
8. C-IV Ward.
9. D-I Ward.
10. D-II Ward.
11. 'E' Ward.
12. 'G' Ward.
13. Bombay Suburban District.
14. Special Survey Circle II.
15. Special Survey Circle III.
16. Special Survey Circle IV.
17. Special Survey Circle V.
18. Evacuees Circle II.

Provided that he shall also perform his functions in respect of such persons or of such cases as have been or may be assigned by the Central Board of Revenue to any Income-tax Authority subordinate to him.

Provided further that he shall not perform his functions in respect of such persons or such cases as have been or may be assigned to any Income-tax Authority outside his jurisdictional area.

While performing the said functions the said Shri G. S. Srivastava shall be designated as the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay City II, with headquarters at Bombay.

Explanatory Note

NOTE.—The amendments have become necessary due to a change in the incumbent of Commissioner's post.

(The above note does not form a part of the notification but is intended to be merely clarificatory).

[No. 35 (F. No. 55/1/61-IT).]

D. V. JUNNARKAR, Under Secy.

LAND CUSTOMS
New Delhi, the 17th June 1961

S.O. 1420.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to section 182 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), the Central Board of Revenue hereby directs that the Deputy Superintendents of Central Excise in-charge of Land Customs Stations under the jurisdiction of the Collectors of Central Excise, Delhi, Allahabad, Patna, Madras, Bombay, Baroda, Shillong and West Bengal, Calcutta may exercise the powers conferred under clause (c) of the said section.

[No. 4/100/124/60-L.C.I.]

M. C. DAS, Secy.

CENTRAL EXCISE COLLECTORATE, DELHI

Delhi, the 29th May 1961

S.O. 1421.—In exercise of the powers conferred upon me under Rules 15 and 16 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, I hereby notify that no declaration will be necessary under the said rules, in respect of unmanufactured tobacco grown in

areas not exceeding the limits specified in col. 8 of the sub-joined schedule and cured in quantities not exceeding the limits specified in col. 9 of the same schedule in the whole of the revenue jurisdictions set out in col. 7 thereof. This notification supersedes the previous notifications issued under this office C. Nos. V(a)24|35|Int|57|Pt.II|14453, dated the 30th March, 1960 and V(a)24|35|Int|57|Pt.II|20640, dated the 4th May, 1960.

S. No.	Name of C.E. Divn.	Name of C. E. Circle Sub Circle	Name of the Range	Name of the Revenue District	Name of the Tehsil	Revenue villages exempted under Rules 15 and 16	Maximum size of acreage of tobacco cultivation which grower may undertake without a declaration under Rule 15 of C.E. Rules, 1944, in area specified in Col. 7	Quantitative limit of tobacco of which a tobacco curer may cure without a declaration under rule 16 <i>ibid</i> within the jurisdiction of area specified in Col. 7.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
1	Aimer	Ajmer	Bhilwara M.O.R.	Bhilwara	Banera	All villages except 1. Balcsariya 2. Jaswantpura 3. Kundia 4. Nayakhera 5. Dabla	4 ares	45 Kilograms
					Shahpura	All villages	"	"
					Hurda	All villages except Rupaheli	"	"
					Kotri	All villages	"	"
					Mandalgarh	All villages	"	"
					Jahazpur	All villages	"	"
					Bhilwara	All villages except 1. Hamirgarh 2. Pipli 3. Borda 4. Pur 5. Bardod Khara 6. Patanias 7. Harni 8. Barsoli 9. Bhilwara 10. Siyar 11. Maheshpur 12. Dangras 13. Siala 14. Bhensa Kundal 15. Rathias.	"	"

				16. Bhopalpura		
				17. Swaroop Ganj		
				18. Sanganair		
				19. Patlias		
				20. Bansada		
				21. Jawasia		
				22. Bardod		
				23. Bhaga-ka-khera		
				24. Jhoparian		
		Bijolia	.	All villages	"	"
	Chitorgarh	Gangrar	.	All villages except 1. Borda.	"	"
	Chitorgarh	.	.	All villages except 1. Natwal 2. Ochree 3. Ordee 4. Khor 5. Pandoli 6. Sindwara 7. Dhanet 8. Gosunda 9. Pipli 10. Gihund	"	"
		Begun	.	All villages except 1. Begun 2. Kulanthia	"	"
Ajmer	Ajmer	Ajmer	.	All villages	"	"
Beawar	Ajmer	Beawar	.	All villages	"	"
Nasirabad	Ajmer	Kekri	.	All villages	"	"
Kishangarh	Ajmer	Kishangarh	.	All villages	"	"
		Rupangarh	.	All villages	"	"
		Sarwar	.	All villages	"	"
		Arain	.	All villages	"	"
Bhim	Udaipur	Bhim	.	All villages except Lakha Guda	"	"
	Bhilwara	Mandal	.	All villages except Karia	"	"
		Asind	.	All villages except 1. Jaitapura 2. Daulargarh 3. Dholi.	"	"

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2	Ajmer	Jodhpur	Jodhpur	Jodhpur	Jodhpur	Al' villages All villages except 1. Mathania 2. Baori 3. Ghewara 4. Rajasani 5. Chawadi 6. Bhaserbhoria 7. Lavera 8. Gagari 9. Radigewaki 10. Kalawas 11. Badlabasri.	4 ares "	45 Kilograms "
					Shergarh	All villages except 1. Khudiala 2. Balesar Durgawatan 3. Balesar Sattan 4. Chawand "D" 5. Belwa 6. Nimba-ka-Gaon 7. Burhi 8. Balesar Kala 9. Popawas 10. Bhambar.		"
					Bilara	All villages except 1. Khejala 2. Ransi Goan- 3. Basunda 4. Jhurali 5. Virawas 6. Binawas 7. Binjwadia 8. Zhak 9. Ghana Magra 10. Jaspali 11. Kaparada 12. Runha 13. Kaluna 14. Bilara.		

Pali	Pali	Pali	All villages except V. Sonali	"	"
		Kharchi	All villages except 1. Nimli 2. Sichana 3. Jhakhemra 4. Badli 5. Saran 6. Nawa Gaon 7. Mani 8. Gujwar 9. Sirijan 10. Malsya Balli 11. Basud, Darla	"	"
Rani	Pali	Desuri	All villages except 1. Panota 2. Kot 3. Jawali 4. Inderwada 5. Kerli 6. Boosi 7. Rani and 8. Nawa Gaon.	"	"
Bakotra	Barmer	All Tehsils	All villages	8 ares	"
Merta	Nagaur	Nagaur	All villages except V. Kuchera	4 ares	"
		Jayal	All villages except 1. Arwar 2. Yagiar 3. Hathoti 4. Sumra	"	"
		Degana	All villages except 1. V. Sanju 2. Dagri 3. Tela 4. Ladpura 5. Nimbola	"	"

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Ajmer	Jodhpur	Kuchaman	Nagaur	Nawa	All villages except 1. Bhawta 2. Mithri 3. Kankarpura 4. Hirani 5. Anandpura 6. Keharpura 7. Lichema 8. Kuchaman City 9. Jasrana 10. Rahon	4 ares	45 Kilograms	
				Didwana	All villages except 1. Dhankholi 2. Khalahdi 3. Varangna 4. Jewali-ka-Bas. 5. Singwat Bari. 6. Dikawa 7. Begsar 8. Kusumbhi 9. Bari Beri 10. Kharesh	"	"	
		Parbatsar	Nagaur	Parbatsar	All villages except 1. Rajas 2. Kachi Sala 3. Khokhoia 4. Intawa 5. Makrana 6. Bidyad 7. Kamlad 8. Bajwas 9. Pilwa 10. Manpura.	"	"	
		Sirohi	Sirohi	Sirohi	All villages except 1. Dodua 2. Jela.	"	"	

			3. Angore 4. Padiw 5. Poonawr 6. Barkoot 7. Sirod 8. Ud. 9. Madawara 10. Kishan Ganj 11. Balangri 12. Tokra 13. Phoongvi 14. Ud-Mandawara 15. Bhootgam. 16. Shivrati.		
		Reodar	All villages except 1. Rampur 2. Jholpur 3. Badraj 4. Keswa 5. Varal 6. Positra 7. Dhawali 8. Lunol 9. Naggani 10. Hathal 11. Reodar 12. Makwal 13. Bherugarh 14. Juawal 15. Domani 16. Sanwada 17. Nimbaj 18. Magriwada 19. Dangarali 20. Harmatia Farm	4 ares	45 Kilograms.
Sojat	Pali	Sojat	All villages	"	"
		Raipur	All villages except 1. Deoli 2. Khusalpura 3. Lilamba 4. Raipur	"	"

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
						5. Rampura 6. Mora 7. Basni ¹ 8. Dadhwaria 9. Jhunta ¹ 10. Nokh		
Ajmer	Jodhpur	Abu Road	Sarohi	Abu Road		All villages except 1. Santpur. 2. Tartoli 3. Keverli 4. Karoli	4 ares	45 Kilograms
				Pindwara		All villages except 1. Nandia 2. Gora 3. Danari 4. Ker 5. Phoolabai-ka-khera. 6. Sanwada Naya 7. Mandwara 8. Ajari 9. Rampura 10. Obera 11. Janapur 12. Peshwa 13. Kacholi 14. Rehara. 15. Nithoda	"	"
				Shiv Ganj		All villages except 1. V. Lass 2. Naradra 3. Sahuda 4. Palani	"	"
		Sojat	Pali	Jaitaran		All villages except 1. Jodhawas 2. Ramabab 3. Veerol	"	"

				4. Patwa		
				5. Nimbol		
				6. Pipliya		
Jalore	Jalore	Jalore	All villages except			
			1. Otawa			
			2. Gole			
			3. Melawas			
			4. Siana			
			5. Pinraw			
			6. Surana.			
		Jaswantpura	All villages except			
			1. Bamanwala			
			2. Karda			
			3. Karwada			
			4. Bhadarla.			
		Ahore	All villages except			
			1. Ahore			
			2. Charli			
			3. Samuja			
			4. Buethla			
			5. Madli			
			6. Dayalpura			
			7. Paota			
			8. Harji			
			9. Guda			
			10. Bheswara			
			11. Jedana.			
		Sanchoe	All villages except			
			Village Choor.			
	Jaisalmer	All tehsils	All villages		8 are	
Sumerpur	Pali	Bali	All villages except		4 ares	
			1. Bada Guda			
			2. Chotta Guda			
			3. Sewari			
			4. Padarla			
			5. Barwa			
			6. Bera			
			7. Kothar			

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
						8. Nana 9. Malnu 10. Basant 11. Pawa 12. Vellar 13. Bhundar 14. Nawi 15. Jakhora 16. Bhatund 17. Koyal Bao 18. Modu 19. Bijaycpura 20. Beethia 21. Virampura 22. Pomara 23. Chamnery 24. Khemal 25. Kagadra 26. Seola 27. Chamanpura 28. Luthara		
3	Ajmer	Udaipur	Udaipur	Udaipur	Udaipur	All villages	4 ares	45 Kilograms
					Girwa	All villages except Kurawad	"	"
					Salumbar	All villages	"	"
					Phalasia	All villages	"	"
					Sarada	All villages except Parsad	"	"
					Kharwara	All villages	"	"
					Gogunda	All villages	"	"
					Kotra	All villages	"	"
					Saira	All villages	"	"
	"	"	Dungarpur		All tehsils	All villages	8 ares	"
	"	Amet			Kumbhalgarh	All villages	"	"
			Udaipur	Amet	All villages except 1. Mahindergarh 2. Amet 3. Potlan 4. Sardargarh 5. Bhoglia	4 ares	"	"

			Raipur	All villages				
			Sabada	All villages				
"	"	Banswara . Banswara .	All tehsils except Banswara	All villages		8 ares		"
			Banswara	All villages except 1. Khandu 2. Pagri 3. Rattanpur		4 ares		"
"	"	Nimbahera Chittorgarh	Chhoti Sadri	All villages except 1. Chhoti Sadri 2. Gimond		"		"
			Achnera	All villages except 1. Kotri 2. Lichmanan		"		"
			Nimbahera	All villages		"		"
			Partapgarh	All villages		8 ares		"
			Bhadesera	All villages except 1. Bhadesara 2. Umaidpura 3. Kanshia Kalan 4. Lowana 5. Mircha Kheri 6. Nangal Mer 7. Guda 8. Nimpaman 9. Budhpura 10. Madanpura		4 ares		"
"	"	Mavli Udaipur . M.O.R.	Lasaria	All villages		"		"
			Railmagra	All villages except 1. Gunda 2. Udaipura 3. Bamaniya 4. Charna 5. Railmagra 6. Gilond.		"		"
"	"		Rajsamand	All villages except 1. Fatehnagar 2. Piplimoholan.		"		"

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Vallabnagar	All villages except 1. Pithalpara 2. Jorjika Khera 3. Karoda 4. Rana Kui 5. Kesarpura	4 ares	45 Kilograms.
	Ajmer	Udaipur			Nathdawara	All villages except 1. Dilwara 2. Karoli 3. Soloda 4. Bijnil	"	"
	"	"		Chittorgarh	Barisadri	All villages except 1. Likora 2. Bhupatpur 3. Sompur	"	"
					Dungla	All villages except 1. Padampura 2. Chipa-khera 3. Palod 4. Bhatoli 5. Santhliwas 6. Karoli	"	"
		"	Natehnagar M.O.R.	Chittorgarh	Rashmi	All villages except 1. Gurjauna	"	"
					Kapasan	All villages except 1. Hamirpur 2. Kapasam 3. Mangana 4. Rupakher 5. Omaman Khera 6. Hirajikakhera 7. Jiwa Khera 8. Chakuda 9. Karjeli	"	"

					10. Umond 11. Jaker Khera		
	Deogarh	Udaipur	Deogarh		All villages except 1. Deogarh 2. Kamlighat 3. Lassain 4. Deopura 5. Dolepura 6. Pitampura 7. Mandawara 8. Malkot 9. Betteri 10. Kemer 11. Ran 12. Kalasina 13. Kunthal 14. Kehapura 15. Marana 16. Kalagaon	"	"
4	Ajmer	Jaipur	Jaipur M.O.R.	Jaipur	All villages except 1. Jaipur 2. Ramsinghpura (Naya Bas) 3. Begus 4. Makandpura 5. Fatehpur	"	"
				Sanganer	All villages except 1. Chimanpura 2. Demli Kalan 3. Tejawala 4. Bagroo 5. Chitroli 6. Chega	"	"
				Phulera	All villages except Sambhar	"	"
				Dudu	All villages except Sakhun	"	"
				Dausa	All villages except 1. Kablisar 2. Rambas 3. Bedoli	"	"
				Baswa	All villages	"	"

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Amber	All villages except 1. Ghanoi 2. Bimalpura	4 ares	45 Kilograms.
					Jamma-Ramgarh	All villages except 1. Bilod 2. San Sira	"	"
					Kotputli	All villages except 1. Kot 2. Nangal Cheekirki 3. Gopalpura 4. Banka 5. Amai 6. Sunderpura 7. Kalyanpura 9. Putli 9. Karawas	"	"
					Sikarai	All villages except 1. Nandri 2. Garhrwali	"	"
					Bairath	All villages except 1. Mehar 2. Jaisinghpura 3. Mandharpur		
					Phagi	All villages	"	"
					Chaksu	All villages	"	"
					Lalsot	All villages	"	"
					Bassi	All villages	"	"
					Tonk S.O.R Jhunjhunu	Jhunjhunu All villages except 1. Senasar 2. Dorasar	"	"

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
						3. Raipur. 4. Narat 5. Kajlan 6. Raipur 7. Chirawas 8. Balcaj 9. Kapurana 10. Bhir 11. Madhogarh 12. Dewra 13. Tariya		
				Udaipur .	.	All villages except 1. Sheonathpura 2. Khiyawar 3. Chhau 4. Sithal 5. Haslasar 6. Guda Godji 7. Titanwas 8. Kari 9. Udaipur 10. Todpura 11. Chinana 12. Panurampura 13. Bhaiwar 14. Bhodki 15. Nathas 16. Panurampura Naya	4 ares	45 Kilograms.
Aimer	laipur	Tonk S.O.R.	Sikar	.	Sikar	.	All villages except 1. Palhana 2. Dasan-ki-Dhani 3. Tassar Chhoti 4. Tassar Bari 5. Sonwoda Prohit 6. Bosana 7. Akhwa 8. Sikar	

9. Devipur
10. Chilasi
11. Sikot Chhoti
12. Sewa
13. Kalyanpur
14. Chadvli Dhani
15. Nani
16. Anokho
17. Raela Kishanpura
18. Gothra Bhukran
19. Jerthi
20. Dadia
21. Kulera
22. Karrathal
23. Palasari
24. Juraltra
25. Malkhera
26. Bhoja
27. Bairi
28. Chordpura
29. Negiwa
30. Ram-ki-Dhani
31. Padoli Chhoti
32. Balupura
33. Sahalpura
34. Badadar
35. Kirdoli
36. Khersora
37. Jigar Chhoti
38. Jigar Badi]
39. Bheronpur]
40. Kurli
41. Gokalpura
42. Molasi
43. Jagatpura
44. Taranwa
45. Netarawas
46. Paghalwa
47. Pardopi Bari
48. Sarwari

Lachmangarh . All villages except
 1. Rinwa
 2. Madhopura

”

”

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
						3. Didampur 4. Talsar 5. Palri 6. Panlawar 7. Bagariyonkabas 8. Partabpura 9. Khurli Bari 10. Khori Chhoti 11. Kohru 12. Hamirpur 13. Manasia 14. Bhojasar Bara 15. Bhojasar Khurd 16. Dalwas 17. Alakhpura 18. Patoda 19. Sigdila Bara 20. Deolana Tali 21. Chamdas ki Dhani 22. Sulhoth 23. Baragaon 24. Khatipura 25. Jasrasar 26. Bathoth.		
Ajmer	Jaipur	Tonk S.O.R. Sikar	Datarangerb		All villages except		4 ares	45 Kilograms.
					1. Baran 2. Kanri 3. Bhaimo 4. Chirasara 5. Losal 6. Rajpura 7. Trilokpura 8. Banthia 9. Buoy 10. Dat 11. Mondis 12. Mai 13. Rajanpura			

					14. Bhuronkabas				
					15. Amanipur				
					16. Dansroli				
					17. Chainpura				
					18. Ramgarh				
					19. Palsona				
				Nim-ka-Thana.	All villages except	.	.	.	,
					1. Nathi-Ki-Nangal.				
					2. Bhoudouli				
					3. Jugalpura				
					4. Guhala.				
				Sirimadhopur .	All villages except	.	.		
					1. Hathikabas				
					2. Gashtok Nair				
					3. Lodpur				
					4. Jagod				
					5. Kasardo				
					6. Chokri				
					7. Bawari				
					8. Lakhani				
					9. Shahpur				
					10. Somofouliabas				
					11. Malikpur				
					12. Abaleas				
Ajmer .	Jaipur	Tonk S.O.R.	Tonk .	Niwai .	All villages except	,
					1. Sirohi				
					2. Newai				
				Toda-Raisingh	All villages except	.	.	.	,
					1. Toda Raisingh				
				Tonk .	All villages except	.	.	.	,
					1. Kalmhana				
				Malpura .	All villages	.	.	.	,
				Duni .	All villages	.	.	.	,
				Uniara .	All villages	.	.	.	,
				Ratangarh	Churu				
				Fatehpur	All villages	.	.	.	,
				Ratangarh	All villages except	.	.	.	,
					1. Neshi Chhoti				
					2. Meshal Bari				

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rajgarh .	All villages	4 ares	45 Kilograms.
					Churu .	All villages	"	"
					Taranagar .	All villages	"	"
					Sujargarh .	All villages	"	"
Ajmer	Jaipur	Tonk S.O.R.	Tonk	Sardar-Shehar .	All villages	"	"	"
		Hanuman -	Shri-Ganga-	Bhadra	All villages	"	"	"
		garh	nagar					
				Nohar .	All villages	"	"	"
				Hanumangarh .	All villages	"	"	"
				Suratgarh .	All villages	"	"	"
				Anupgarh .	All villages	"	"	"
			Bikaner	Loonkaransar .	All villages	8 ares	"	"
		Bikaner	Bikaner	Bikaner .	All villages	"	"	"
				Nikha .	All villages	"	"	"
				Kolayat .	All villages	"	"	"
			Churu	Doongargarh .	All villages	4 ares	"	"
		Shri Ganga-	Shri Ganga-	Shri Ganganagar	All villages	"	"	"
		nagar	nagar					
				Karanpur	All villages	"	"	"
				Padampur	All villages	"	"	"
				Raisinghnagar .	All villages	"	"	"
KOTAH CIRCLE								
	Kotah	Kotah	Kotah	Kotah	All villages	"	"	"
		M.O.R.						
				Barod .	All villages	"	"	"
				Etawah .	All villages	"	"	"
				Chechat .	All villages except	"	"	"
					1. Buxpura	"	"	"
					2. Moruk	"	"	"
					3. Dudaheri	"	"	"
				Sangod .	All villages	"	"	"
				Peepalda .	All villages	"	"	"
				Indergarh .	All villages	"	"	"
				Kanwas .	All villages except	"	"	"
					1. Awan	"	"	"
					2. Moddohera	"	"	"

Bundi sec- tor (M.O.R. Kotah)	Bundi	Bhensroadgarh	All villages except 1. Barodia 2. Jawda	"	"	"
		Ramganj Mandi	All villages	"	"	"
		Digod	All villages	"	"	"
		Ladpura	All villages except 1. Bhimpur 2. Kaithoan	"	"	"
		Nainwa	All villages except 1. Banthali	"	"	"
		Telera	All villages except 1. Alfanagar.	"	"	"
		Hindoli	All villages except 1. Alod 2. Jarkas.	"	"	"
		Bundi	All villages except 1. Bagda 2. Jalera 3. Kesarpura 4. Ajaita 5. Khatkar 6. Barhan	"	"	"
		Patan	All villages except 1. Banswara 2. Barana 3. Dhingsee 4. Borda 5. Manoli 6. Dolar 7. Debi Khera 8. Karkia 9. Jhoparia. 10. Kheria Durjan 11. Jhalera 12. Loban.	"	"	"
				"	"	"
Bhawani Mandi	Jhalawar	Asnawa	All villages	"	"	"
		Iklera	All villages	"	"	"

					3. Gazipur 4. Jansil 5. Murāda		
		Sawai Ma- dhopur	Sawai Ma- dhopur	Sawai Madhopur	All villages	,,	,,
				Khandak .	All villages	,,	,,
				Bonli .	All villages	,,	,,
				Gangapur .	All villages	,,	,,
				Bamanwas .	All villages	,,	,,
				Nadoti .	All villages	,,	,,
Ajmer	Kota	Baran	Kota	Baran .	All villages	,,	,,
				Shahabad .	All villages	,,	,,
				Chipaborda .	All villages	,,	,,
				Atru .	All villages	,,	,,
				Chhabra .	All villages	,,	,,
				Mangrol .	All villages	,,	,,
				Kishanganj .	All villages	,,	,,
				Anta .	All villages	,,	,,
Ajmer	Alwer	Alwer M.O.R.	Alwer	Alwer .	All villages except 1. Pri.hvipura 2. Tilota 3. Alawarabas 4. Lilaundi 5. Untwal 6. Khushalgarh Bas 7. Madhugarhibas 8. Dholi 9. Khareda 10. Vader	,,	,,
				Ramgarh .	All villages	,,	,,
				Malakhera .	All villages	,,	,,
		Rajgarh	Alwer	Rajgarh .	All villages except 1. Bairair 2. Danpur 3. Garhisawairam 4. Bhidoli 5. Rajaur 6. Devri ka Gawri	,,	,,

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
						7. Saloli 8. Babali 9. Gordhanpura 10. Bilaita 11. Chhilori 12. Ferozepur]		
					Thanagazi	All villages except 1. Malothana	4 ares	45 Kilograms.
	Kheri	Alwe	Lachhmangarh.			All villages except 1. Barodkalan 2. Manjpur 3. Intera 4. Garoo 5. Samoochi 6. Tassi 7. Adoli 8. Toda 9. Jawli 10. Modia 11. Sonkar 12. Massori 13. Sonk 14. Sidwari 15. Sitarda 16. Daorati 17. Irnia	"	"
	Khairthal	Alwar	Mandawar			All villages except 1. Shor ka Kalan 2. Rusgan	"	"
			Kishangarh			All villages except 1. Bhamawas 2. Nasopur 3. Bhonker 4. Ismail Pur 5. Jilota 6. Macha	"	"

7. Pundarka
8. Mohand
9. Gothri
10. Saranvas
11. Pur
12. Dhaki-ki-Dhani
13. Meoli
14. Damdama
15. Dhakpuri
16. Muradbas
17. Sauta
18. Machhroli
19. Godakathana
20. Basaie
21. Chamroda
22. Mothuka
23. Nurpur
24. Bhurawas
25. Jouria
26. Gujriwas
27. Rabadka
28. Birthalbasan
29. Chundarta
30. Dalawas
31. Budli
32. Malkhakabas

Aimer	Alwar	Khairthal	Alwar	Tijara	All villages except	"	"
					1. Salarpur		
					2. Kamalpur		
					3. Dhiriyaas		
					4. Gailpur		
					5. Santhal		
					6. Budibawai		
					7. Mandana		
					8. Ishroda		
					9. Jhundpur		
					10. Lahudra		
					11. Jhijaka		
					12. Bherawas		
					13. Bhupkhera		
					14. Rabhana		
					15. Kotkasim		
					16. Thos		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
						17. Bilaspur 18. Baliwas 19. Silalpur 20. Massit 21. Karauli	4 ares	45 Kilograms.
Ajmer	Alwar	Bharatpur	Bharatpur	Bharatpur	.	All villages except 1. Ajan.	"	"
				Nadbai	.	All villages except 1. Nadbai 2. Raisis 3. Lahasa 4. Naam 5. Karouli 6. Anchera 7. Roneja	"	"
				Kumher.	.	All villages	"	"
		Bayana	Bharatpur	Bayana	.	All villages except 1. Gurdanadi	"	"
				Weir	.	All villages except 1. Bhusawar 2. Ullo 3. Majahadpur 4. Sarsania 5. Weir	"	"
				Roopbas	.	All villages except 1. Khera Thakar 2. Kurka	"	"
		Dholpur	Dholpur	Dholpur	.	All villages except 1. Tasimo 2. Kenthri 3. Rajora Khurd 4. Hanota 5. Nunhra 6. Kherli 7. Sohankalan	"	"

					8. Aree		
					9. Doobra		
				Bari . .	All villages except 1. Memkhera 2. Sikroda 3. Kanchanpura 4. Mahuwakhera 5. Bari 6. Rahal 7. Dulekhan-ka-nagala	"	"
				Baseri . .	All villages except 1. Bagthar	"	"
				Rajakhera . .	All villages	"	"
Ajmer	Alwar	Bansur	Alwar	Bansur . .	All villages except 1. Kankaria 2. Khori 3. Israkabas 4. Nanglabavsingh 5. Majaradhakora 6. Nangal Lekha	"	"
"	"	Deeg	Bharatpur	Deeg . .	All villages except 1. Khoh 2. Januthar 3. Jatili Thoon	"	"
				Karna . .	All villages except 1. Barolidher 2. Moongaska 3. Cherwari 4. Somka 5. Garjhupati 6. Khirawa 7. Bamni 8. Chhapra 9. Samwla 10. Ubaka 11. Indoli 12. Ramp 13. Naglamubarik 14. Karna 15. Garh Jahan	"	"

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				Nagar	All villages except 1. Nihan 2. Gulpara 3. Urkidala 4. Dabak 5. Nagar 6. Batpura 7. Pathrora 8. Paki 9. Garimewat 10. Bulja 11. Nigohi 12. Jatolikheri 13. Mundehra 14. Semla Khurd 15. Manota Khurd		4 ares	45 Kilograms.

[No. 1/61/Int.]

K. NARASIMHAN,
Collector of Central Excise, Delhi.

**OFFICE OF THE ASSTT. COLLECTOR OF CENTRAL EXCISE GOA FRONTIER
DIVISION, BELGAUM**

NOTICES

Belgaum, the 15th June 1961

S.O. 1422.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were imported by land from Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	8-12-60 Kudachi (Belgaum)	P.S.I. C.I.D. Bc. Belgaum	Cloves in Two gunny bags,	102 lbs.	Section 5(1) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 and the Govt. of India Ministry of Commerce & Industry Import Control Order No. 17/55 dt. 7-12-55, issued under Sec. 3 & 4 A of the Imports & Exports Act 1947—and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-31/61.]

S.O. 1423.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were about to be exported by land to Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date of seizure & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
50/61	15-12-60	S.R.P.F.— Staff	(1) Four gunny bags	Brass plates—size 8 1 1/2"— Nos. 24 6" Nos. 76— Design Plates . 2 Design small plates 2 Brass Thalies . 107 Brass Sossers . 205 Brass round Dabas 8 Brass pots for cooking . . 95 Brass pots with covering plates . 27 Three without cover plates . . 3 Brass Lotas . 48	Sec. 5(1) of the Land Customs Act 1924 and Govt. of India M. Commerce and Industry Export Control Order No. 1/58 dt. 1-5-58 issued under Section 3 & 4 A of the Imports & Exports Control Act 1947 and further deemed to have been issued under Sec. 19 of the Sea Customs Act 1878.

596 Pots.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-50/61.]

S.O. 1424.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the under-mentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were about to be exported by land to Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
I	22-4-61 Majali Naka	Sub-inspector C.E. Majali Naka.	Indian currency.	Rs. 700/-	Reserve Bank of India Notification No. F.E.R.A. 105/51 dt. 27-2-51 as amended and issued under Section 8(2) of the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947 and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(a) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-119/61.]

S.O. 1425.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the under-mentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were imported by land from Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
70/61	23-2-1961 VagbilBharad (Near Kalana)	S.I.C. Ex-Bhedshi	16 Bags of Betel-nuts	12 B. Mds.	Sec. 5(1) of the Land Customs Act 1924 and the Govt. of India Ministry of Commerce Industry Import Control Order No. 17/55 dated 7-12-55 issued under Sec. 3 & 4 A of the Imports & Exports Control Act 1947 and further deemed to have been issued under Sec. 19 of the Sea Customs Act 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-70/61.]

S.O. 1426.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were imported by sea from Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	14-2-61 Bank of Sharawati River (Hiremath)	P.S.I.D.I.B. & P.I.B., Karwar	Cloves in two gunny bags	B. Md. Srs. 1—32 1/2	Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry Import Control Order No. 17/55 dated 7-12-55 issued under Sec. 3 & 4A of the Imports and Exports Act 1947 and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-118/61.]

S.O. 1427.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table, seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were about to be exported by land from India to Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	12/61 7-4-1961 Ghotge Tar	Inspector, C. Ex. F. S. Bhedshi	Bullocks	four	Sec. 5(1) of L. C. Act 1924 and Govt. of India, Ministry of Commerce & Industry Export Control Order No. 1/58 dt. 1-5-58 issued under Sec. 3 & 4A of the Imports & Exports Control Act 1947 and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him

under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-112/61.]

S.O. 1428.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were imported by land from Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
83/61	9-12-60 Amboli Jungle.	S. R. P. F. Party Ch. No. 64.	(1) Four gunny bags containing cloves.	104 Srs.	Sec. 5(1) of L. C. Act 1924 and Govt. of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry Import Control Order No. 17/55 dt. 7-12-55 issued under Section 3 & 4A of the Imports and Exports Control Act, 1947 and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-83/61.]

S.O. 1429.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were imported by land from Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
3/6	1-4-1961 Mangeli Village	Inspector C. Excise Bhedshi F. S.	Eight bags of Betel- nuts	B. Md. Srs. 7. — co	Sec. 5(1) of the Land Customs Act 1924 of Govt. of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry Import Control Order No. 17/55 dt. 7-12-55, issued under Section 3 & 4A of the Imports & Exports Control Act 1947 and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-111/61.]

S.O. 1430.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border were about to be exported by land to Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
52/61	20-1-61 Vazare Jungle	S. R. P. F. staff	(1) Bullocks	Two	Section 5(1) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 and the Govt. of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry Export Control Order No. 1/58 Dated 1-5-58 issued under Sections 3 & 4-A of the Imports and Exports Control Act, 1947 and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-52/61.]

S.O. 1431.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were imported by land from Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
82/61	15-1-1961 Kamara Jungle	Bn. Com- mandar S. R. P. F. Londa.	(i) Press Buttons (ii) 7 O'clock Blades (iii) M. Light- er (Duxette)	46080 1400 144	Section 5(1) of L. C. Act., 1924 and Govt. of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry Import Control Order No. 17/55 dated 7-12-55 issued under Section 3 & 4-A of the Imports and Exports Control Act, 1947 and Govt. of India F. D. (C.R.) Notification No. 17/Cus. dt.

1	2	3	4	5	6
					7-3-36 as amended by Ministry of Finance (R.D.) Notification No. 19/Cus dt. 22-1-52 in respect of Mechanical Lighters and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-82/61.]

S.O. 1432.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were imported by land from Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & Place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
98/61	8-2-1961 Dongerpall Jungle.	S. R. P. Staff Fakir- para.	(1) Opium (2) Surti Jarda To- bacco Tines (3) Photos (4) Calenders 1961. (5) Shirt & Pant White (1 each). (6) Mirrors of different sizes. (7) Pickle Bottles (8) Flutes (Bamboo) (9) Hair Pins (10) Tea (11) Threc gunny bags.	75 Tolas Two Seven Seven Two 58 8 136 11 dozen. ½ lb. 3.	Section 5(1) of the L. C. Act, 1924 and Govt. of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry Import Control Order No. 17/55 dated 7-12-55 issued under Sections 3 & 4-A of the Imports and Exports Control Act, 1947 and Section 18(2) of the Tea Act, 1953 in respect of tea at item No. 10 and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette

the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-98/61.]

S.O. 1433.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were about to be exported by land to Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
40/61	8-1-1961 In the Jurisdiction of Ch. No. 56.	S. R. P. Staff.	1) Joggerly Lump six. 2) Mudis 18 lbs. Manjula Tea tin one. 3) Oil cakes in five head loads. 4) Turmuric 5) Ground nuts in 2 head loads. 6) Gram Dal Packages 5. 7) Rice one package. 8) Tur dal packages 2. 9) Muster seeds (one bundle). 10) Sweet oil tins 3 (One empty & 2 containing oil). 11) Kuda Biris in a bag. 12) Oil Paint tins 1 lb. each. 13) Gunny bags.	5 B. Mds. 15 Srs. 30 Srs. 36 Srs. 2 B. Mds. 4 Srs. 7 B. Mds. 18 Srs. 1 B. Md. 3 B. Mds. 1 B. Md. 3 Srs. 36 Srs. Nos. 32,000 50 tins. 25.	Section 5(I) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 and Govt. of India Ministry of Commerce and Industry Export Control Order No. 1/58 issued under Section 3 & 4-A of the Imports and Exports Control Act, 1947 and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-40/61.]

S.O. 1434.—Whereas it appears that the goods as mentioned in the undermentioned table seized in the vicinity of the Indo-Goa border, were imported by land

from Goa (Portuguese possessions in India) in contravention of the Rules and Notifications as mentioned against each.

S. No.	Date & place of seizure	By whom detected	Description of goods	Quantity	Rules contravened
1	2	3	4	5	6
51/61	22-12-60 Maher Devli at Sasodi	Sub. Insp. C. Ex. Dodamarge	Betel nuts in 25 bags	Md. 23 Srs. 27	Sections 5(1) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 and Govt. of India Ministry of Commerce and Industry Import Control Order No. 17/55 Dt. 7-12-55 issued under Section 3 & 4-A of the Imports and Exports Control Act, 1947 and further deemed to have been issued under Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

2. Now, therefore, any person claiming the goods is hereby called upon to show cause to the Asstt. Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Goa Frontier Division, Belgaum why the above mentioned goods should not be confiscated under Section 5(3) of the Land Customs Act, 1924 read with Section 167(8) and 168 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and why a penalty should not be imposed on him under Section 7(1)(c) of the Land Customs Act, 1924, read with Section 167(8) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878.

3. If such an owner fails to turn up to claim the above mentioned unclaimed goods or to show cause against the action proposed to be taken within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Government of India Gazette, the goods in question will be treated as unclaimed and the case will be decided accordingly.

[No. VIII(b)10-51/61.]

H. R. JOKHI, Asstt. Collector.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

New Delhi, the 17th June 1961

S.O. 1435—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (2) of Clause 1 of the Molasses Control Order, 1961, the Central Government hereby appoints the twenty-fourth day of June, 1961, as the date on which the provisions of the said Order shall come into force in the States of Kerala, Madhya Pradesh and Madras.

[No. 34(25)/60-Chem.II.]

G. L. MEHTA, Dy. Secy.

ORDER

New Delhi, the 13th June 1961

S.O. 1436 IDRA/6/15—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 6 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (65 of 1951), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri F. G. T. Manezes to be a member of the Development Council established by the order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce and Industry No. S.O. 1809, dated the 18th July, 1960, for the scheduled industries engaged in the manufacture or production of Oils, Soap & Paints till the 17th July, 1962 and directs that the following amendment shall be made in the said order, namely:—

In paragraph 1 of the said Order after entry No. 13F relating to Shri P. N. Mathur, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"13G. Shri F. G. T. Manezes, Deputy Technical Knowledge Member" Director, Vanaspati, Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Krishi Bhavan, New Delhi.

[No. 4(8)IA(IV)/60.]

J. S. BAKHSI, Under Secy.

ORDERS

New Delhi, the 15th June 1961

S.O. 1437/IDRA/18G/63/61.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 6 of the Cement Control Order, 1958, the Central Government hereby fixes the prices at which the producers specified below may sell blast furnace slag cement free on rail ex-works, namely:—

<i>Name of producer</i>	<i>Price per metric tonne.</i>
1, Messrs Associated Cement Cos., Limited No. 121, Queen's Road, Bombay-1.	Rs. 58.64
2, Messrs Mysore Iron and Steel Works, Bhadravati.	Rs. 58.20

[No. Cem. 8(16)/60.]

S.O. 1438/IDRA/18G/62/61.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 18G of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (65 of 1951), the Central Government hereby makes the following Order further to amend the Cement Control Order, 1958, namely:—

1. This Order may be called the Cement Control (Twelfth Amendment) Order, 1961;
2. In sub-clause (a) of clause 2 of the Cement Control Order, 1958, hereinafter referred to as the said Order, after the words "and includes", the words "blast furnace slag cement" shall be inserted.
3. In sub-clause (1) of clause 6, after the third proviso the following further proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided also that the price at which a producer may sell blast furnace slag cement shall be as the Central Government may fix in this behalf."

[No. Cem. 8(16)/60.]

New Delhi the 19th June 1961

S.O. 1439/IDRA/18G/66/61.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 25 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951 (65 of 1951), the Central Government hereby directs that the powers exercisable by it under section 18G of the said Act, shall, in relation to the regulation and control of supply, distribution and price of cement in the State of Kerala, be exercisable also by the Government of that State subject to the conditions:—

- (1) that the said powers shall be exercised by the State Government with the prior concurrence of the Central Government, and
- (2) that no order made by the State Government in exercise of the powers so delegated shall have effect in so far as such order is repugnant to any order made by the Central Government under the said Section 18G.

[No. Cem. 15(3)/60.]

R. NATARAJAN, Under Secy.

RUBBER CONTROL

New Delhi, the 19th June 1961

S.O. 1440.—Shri K. B. Warriar, Chairman, Rubber Board, Kottayam, is granted earned leave for 29 days with effect from the forenoon of the 1st July, 1961, with permission to suffix Sunday, the 30th July, 1961.

2. On the expiry of the leave, Shri Warriar's services are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Kerala.

[No. F. 21(6)Plant(B)/61.]

D. R. SUNDARAM, Dy., Secy.

(Office of the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports)

(Newsprint Cell)

NOTICE

New Delhi, the 17th June 1961

S.O. 1441.—It is hereby notified, that in exercise of the powers conferred by clause 9 of the Import (Control) Order, 1955 the Government of India, in the Ministry of Commerce & Industry propose to cancel licence No. A704501/60/AU/CCI/HQ dated the 10th April 1961 valued at Rs. 12,780/- for import of glazed newsprint subject to the conditions stated therein (S. No. 44-V) from the Specific Rupee account granted by the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi to M/s. Northern India Printers & Publishers Cooperative Society, Chandwar Gate, Ferozabad (U.P.), unless sufficient cause against this is furnished to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi, within ten days of the date of issue of this notice, by the said M/s. Northern India Printers & Publishers Cooperative Society, Ferozabad (U.P.) or any Bank, or any other party, who may be interested in it.

In view of what is stated above, M/s. Northern India Printers & Publishers Cooperative Society, Ferozabad (U.P.) or any Bank, or any other party, who may be interested in the said licence No. A704501/60/AU/CCI/HQ dated the 10th April, 1961 are hereby directed not to enter into any commitments against the said licence and return it immediately to the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi.

[No. 79/Books/1-61/NPCI.]

R. R. AGARWAL, Dy. Chief Controller.

for Chief Controller of Imports & Exports.

(Indian Standards Institution)

New Delhi, the 9th June 1961

S.O. 1442.—In partial modification of the Ministry of Commerce & Industry (Indian Standards Institution), Notification No. S.O. 616 published in the Gazette of India, Part II Section 3—Sub-section (ii) dated 25 March 1961, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the marking fee per unit for Fire Extinguishers, Foam Type shall also apply to Fire Extinguishers, Soda Acid Type. The amended rate of marking fee shall come into force with effect from 15th June 1961.

THE SCHEDULE


Sl. No.	Product/Class of Products	No. and Title of relevant Indian Standard	Unit	Marking fee per unit
1.	Portable Chemical Fire Extinguishers, Foam Type and Soda Acid Type.	IS : 933-1959 Specification for Portable Chemical Fire Extinguisher, Foam Type. IS : 934-1960 Specification for Portable Chemical Fire Extinguisher, Soda Acid Type.	One Extinguisher.	50 nP per unit with a minimum of Rs. 1,500.0 for production during a calendar year.

[No. MD/18:2.]

S.O. 1443.—In pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 4 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Rules, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Standard Mark, design of which together with the verbal description of the design and the title of the relevant Indian Standard is given in the Schedule hereto annexed, has been specified.

This Standard Mark, for the purpose of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Act, 1952 and the rules and regulations framed thereunder, shall come into force with effect from 15th June, 1961.

THE SCHEDULE

Design of the Standard Mark	No. and title of relevant Indian Standard	Verbal description of the design of the Standard Mark
(1)	(2)	(3)
	IS : 934-1960 Specification for Portable Chemical Fire Extinguisher, Soda Acid Type.	The monogram of the Indian Standards Institution, consisting of letters ISI, drawn in the exact style and relative proportions as indicated in column (1), the number designation of the Indian Standard being superscribed on the top side of the monogram as indicated in the design.




[No. MD/17 : 2]

New Delhi, the 14th June 1961

S.O. 1444.—In partial modification of the Standard Marks, notified in the Schedule annexed to the Ministry of Commerce & Industry (Indian Standards Institution) Notification No. S.O. 1420 dated the 26th May 1960 published in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3—Sub-section (ii) dated the 4th June 1960, the Indian Standards Institution notifies that the Standard Marks, designs of which together with the verbal description of the design and the title of the relevant Indian Standard, are given in the schedule hereto annexed, have been revised.

These Standard Marks for the purpose of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Act, 1952 and the rules and regulations framed thereunder, shall come into force with immediate effect.

THE SCHEDULE

Design of the Standard Mark	No. and title of relevant Indian Standard	Verbal Description of the design of the Standard Mark
(1)	(2)	(3)
	IS : 303-1960 Specification for Plywood for General Purposes (<i>Revised</i>).	The monogram of the Indian Standards Institution, consisting of letters ISI, drawn in the exact style and relative proportions as indicated in column (1), the number designation of the Indian Standard being superscribed on the top side of the monogram and the relevant IS grade designation being subscribed under the bottom side of the monogram as indicated in the design.
		
		

[No. MD/17:2.]

A. N. GHOSH, Director.

MINISTRY OF STEEL, MINES AND FUEL**(Department of Iron and Steel)***New Delhi, the 24th June 1961*

S.O. 1445 ESS.COMM/Iron & Steel-15(1)-AM(45).—The following Notification issued by the Iron and Steel Controller under Sub-clause 1 of Clause 15 of the Iron and Steel (Control) Order, 1956, is published for general information:

"NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-clause 1 of Clause 15 of the Iron & Steel (Control) Order, 1956 and with the approval of the Central Government, the Iron & Steel Controller hereby notifies the following special selling price for 1000 Metric Tons of Door Striking Bars rolled by M/s. Punjab Industries, Calcutta (Unregistered Producers).

Materials

Selling price in Rupees per
Metric ton Ex-works.

(a) Door Striking Bar

Rs. 780

C. V. RAMACHANDRAN, Price & Accounts Officer
for Iron & Steel Controller".

[No. SC(C)-2(7)/61.]

J. S. BAIJAL, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE**(Department of Agriculture)***New Delhi, the 13th June 1961*

S.O. 1446.—In pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 11, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 14 and sub-rule (1) of rule 23 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957, the President hereby makes the following further amendment in the notification of the Govt. of India in the late Ministry of Agriculture No. S.R.O. 634-A, dated the 28th February, 1957, namely:—

In part I of the Schedule to the said notification, under each of the headings "Central Inland Fisheries Research Station, Barrackpore" and "Central Marine Fisheries Research Station, Mandapam", for the letters and figures "Rs. 60 p.m." in column 1, the letters and figures "Rs. 110 p.m." shall be substituted.

[No. 1-40/60-FY(I).]

C. R. SRINIVASAN, Under Secy.

(Department of Agriculture)**ORDER***New Delhi, the 16th June 1961*

S.O. 1447.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby directs that the powers conferred on it by section 3 of the said Act to make orders providing for the matters specified in clauses (c), (d), (e), (f), (h), (i) and (j) of sub-section (2) of that section shall, in relation to cattle fodder of any of the varieties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, be exercisable also by the Government of the State of Rajasthan.

2. This Order shall remain in force upto the 31st August, 1961.

THE Schedule

Varieties of Cattle fodder

1. Hay.
2. Bhusa.
3. Gowar.
4. Karab, or Karbi or Kabdi.
5. Grass.

[No. F. 7-6/60-C(E).]

N. RANGANATHAN, Under Secy.

**(Department of Agriculture)
(Indian Council of Agricultural Research)**

New Delhi, the 14th June, 1961.

S.O. 1448.—In pursuance of the appropriate provision of the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923 (14 of 1923), the Central Government are pleased to nominate the following persons to be members of the Indian Central Cotton Committee, Bombay, for a period of three years with effect from 1st April, 1961.

S. No.	Name and address	Section
1.	Shri G.K. Devarajulu, Managing Agent, the Laxmi Mills Ltd., Coimbatore.	4(v)
2.	Shri B.M. Patil, B.Sc., Farmer, Torvi, Bijapur Distt.	4(x)

[No. 1-4/61-Com.IV.]

SANTOKH SINGH, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

New Delhi, the 13th June 1961

S.O. 1449.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 12 and 33 of the Drugs Act, 1940 (23 of 1940), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Drugs Rules, 1945, the same having been previously published as required by the said sections, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Drugs Third (Amendment) Rules, 1961.
In the Drugs Rules (hereinafter referred to as the principal rules)—
 1. after rule 54 the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"54-A Prohibition of sale.—No person in possession of a drug in respect of which an Inspector has made an order under clause (c) of sub-section (i) of section 22 of the Act shall in contravention of that order sell or otherwise dispose of any stock of such drug."
 2. In the principal Rules, for rule 58, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"58. Confiscation of drugs.—Where any person is convicted for contravening any of the provisions of Chapter IV of the Act or any rule made thereunder, the stock of the drug in respect of which the contravention has been made shall be liable for confiscation.
3. In rule 59 of the principal Rules,
 - (a) in sub-rule (2) for the existing proviso, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that in the case of an itinerant vendor or an applicant who desires to establish a shop in a village or town having a population of 5,000 or less the application in form 19-A shall be accompanied by a fee of rupees five."
 - (b) for sub-rule (3) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(3) A fee of rupees five and in the case of an itinerant vendor or an applicant who desires to establish a shop in a village or town having a population of 5,000 or less, a fee of rupee one and twenty-five paise shall be paid for a duplicate copy of a licence issued under this rule, if the original is defaced, damaged or lost;

"Provided that if the applicant applies for the renewal of a licence after its expiry but within one month of such enquiry the fee payable for renewal of such licence shall be rupees twenty plus an additional fee of rupees twenty, and in the case of itinerant vendor or an applicant desiring to open a shop in village or town having a population of 5,000 or less the fee shall be rupees five plus an additional fee of rupees five."

4. In rule 63 of the principal Rules, for the existing proviso, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

“Provided that if the application for renewal of a licence in force is made before its expiry, or if the application is made and the additional fee paid within one month of its expiry the licence shall continue to be in force until orders are passed on the application. The licence shall be deemed to have expired if application for its renewal is not made within one month after its expiry.”

5. In sub-rule (2) of rule 64 of the principal Rules, in clause (i) the words letters and figures ‘the 1st April, 1950’ shall be omitted.

6. In the principal Rules, in the explanation to sub-rule (15) of rule 65, after clause (b) the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

‘(bb) is a registered pharmacist under the Pharmacy Act, 1948, or’.

7. In rule 69 of the principal Rules, for the sub-rule (3) the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“(3) If a person applies for the renewal of a licence after its expiry but within one month of such expiry the fee payable for the renewal of such licence shall be in the case of Form 24-B, rupees forty plus an additional fee of rupees twenty and, in the case of Form 24, rupees two hundred plus an additional fee of rupees one hundred.

8. After rule 69-A of the principal Rules, the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“69-B. Applications to manufacture ‘new drug’ other than the drugs classifiable under Schedule C and C(1) products.—Subject to the other provisions of these Rules,

(i) no ‘new drug’ shall be manufactured unless it is previously approved by the licensing authority mentioned in rule 21;

(ii) the manufacturer of a ‘new drug’ when applying for approval to the licensing authority mentioned in sub-rule (i) shall produce all documentary and other evidence relating to its standards of quality, purity and strength and such other information as may be required including the results of therapeutic trials carried out with it;

(iii) while applying for a licence to manufacture a ‘new drug’ or its preparations an applicant shall produce along with his application evidence that the drug for the manufacture of which application is made has already been approved.

Explanation.—In this rule ‘new drug’ has the same meaning as in rule 30-A.”

9. In rule 71 of the principal rules, in sub-rule (1)—

(i) in clause (c), the word ‘or’ shall be inserted at the end;

(ii) after clause (c), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(d) holding any foreign qualification the quality and content of training of which are comparable with those prescribed in clause (a), clause (b) or clause (c) and is permitted to work as competent technical staff under this rule by the Central Government.”

10. In the principal Rules, for the proviso to rule 72, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Provided that if application for the renewal of a licence is made before its expiry, or if the application is made within one month of its expiry after payment of the additional fee, the licence shall continue to be in force until orders are passed on the application. The licence shall be deemed to have expired if application for its renewal is not made within one month after its expiry.”

11. In rule 75 of the principal Rules, for the proviso to sub-rule (1), the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

“Provided that if the applicant applies for the renewal of a licence after its expiry but within one month of such expiry the fee payable for renewal of the licence shall be rupees three hundred plus an additional fee of rupees two hundred in addition to the inspection fee.”

(2) After rule 75-A of the principal rules the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“75-B. Applications to manufacture new drugs classifiable under Schedules C and C(1)

Subject to the other provisions of these Rules,

- (i) no ‘new drug’ shall be manufactured unless it is previously approved by the ‘Licensing authority’ mentioned in rule 21;
- (ii) the manufacturer of a ‘new drug’ when applying for approval to the licensing authority mentioned in sub-rule (i) shall produce all documentary and other evidence relating to its standards of quality, purity and strength and such other information as may be required including the results of therapeutic trials carried out with it;
- (iii) while applying for a licence to manufacture a ‘new drug’ or its preparations an applicant shall produce along with his application evidence that the drug for the manufacture of which application is made has already been approved.

Explanation.—In this rule ‘new drug’ has the same meaning as in rule 30-A.”

13. In rule 76 of the principal rules, after clause (c), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:—

- “(d) a graduate in Chemical Engineering of a University recognised by the Central Government with at least three years’ practical experience in the manufacture of drugs to which this licence applies after his graduation; or
- (e) holding any foreign qualification the quality and content of training of which are comparable with those prescribed in clause (a), clause (b), clause (c) or clause (d) and is permitted to work as competent technical staff under this rule by the Central Government.”

14. In the principal rules, for the proviso to rule 77, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

“Provided that if application for the renewal of a licence in force is made before its expiry, or if the application is made within one month of its expiry after payment of the additional fee, the licence shall continue to be in force until orders are passed on the application. The licence shall be deemed to have expired if application for its renewal is not made within one month after its expiry.”

15. To rule 89 of the principal rules, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

“Provided that in the case of a drug the composition of which is such that the drug is not generally recognised among experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the safety of drugs as safe for use, no licence in Form 29 shall be granted unless the applicant produces a certificate from the ‘Licensing authority’ mentioned in rule 21, to the effect that there would be no objection to such licence being granted.”

16. In rule 94 of the principal Rules, for sub-rule (2) the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“(2) The provisions of rules 96 to 101 inclusive, shall not apply to a medicine made up ready for treatment, whether after or without dilution, which is supplied on the prescription of a registered medical practitioner provided that:—

(i) the medicine is labelled with the following particulars:—

- (a) The name and address of the supplier;
- (b) The name of the patient and the quantity of the medicine;
- (c) The number representing serial number of the entry in the prescription register;
- (d) The dose, if the medicine is for internal use;

- (e) The words 'FOR EXTERNAL USE ONLY' if the medicine is for external application, and the words "POISON" and "FOR EXTERNAL USE ONLY" in the manner prescribed in rule 98 if the medicine is for external use and contains a substance specified in Schedule E;

(ii) Condition (3) of the conditions in rule 65 is satisfied."

17. In rule 96 of the principal rules, for sub-rule (i) the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"96. *Manner of labelling.*—(1) Subject to the other provisions of these Rules, the following particulars shall be either printed or written in indelible ink and shall appear in a conspicuous manner on the label of the innermost container of any drug and on every other covering in which the container is packed.

(i) *The name of the drug.*

For this purpose, the name shall be given in an equally conspicuous manner as the trade name, if any, and shall be,

- (a) for drugs included in the pharmacopoeias specified in the Schedule to the Act or rule 124, the name or synonym specified in the respective pharmacopoeia followed by the letters "IP", "BP", "BPC", "USP", "NF", "Ph.I", "USSRP" as the case may be;
- (b) for other drugs, the approved scientific name where known, or if not known the name descriptive of the true nature and origin of the substance.
- (ii) A correct statement of the net content in terms of weight, measure, number or Units of activity as the case may be. The weight and volume shall be expressed in Metric system.
- (iii) *The content of active ingredients.*—This shall be expressed.

- (a) for oral liquid preparations in terms of the content per single dose, the dose being indicated in millilitres;
- (b) for liquid parenteral preparations in terms of 1 millilitre or percentage by volume;

Provided that if the preparation is contained in an ampoule it will be enough if the composition is shown on the label or wrapper affixed to any package in which such ampoule is issued for sale;

- (c) for tablets, capsules, pills and the like, in terms of the content in each tablet, capsule, pill or other unit, as the case may be;
- (d) for other preparations in terms of percentage by weight or volume or in terms of Unitage per grame or millilitre as the case may be.

Provided that sub-rule (iii) shall not apply to a pharmacopoeial preparation where the composition of such preparation is specified in the respective pharmacopoeia.

(iv) Name and address of the manufacturer.

Provided that if the drug is contained in an ampoule, it shall be enough if only the name of the manufacturer and his principal place of business is shown.

- (v) Every drug manufactured in India shall bear on its label a distinctive batch number, that is to say, the number by reference to which details of manufacture of the particular batch from which the substance in the container is taken are recorded and are available for inspection; the figure representing the batch number being preceded by the words "Batch No." or "Batch" or "Lot Number" "Lot No." or "Lot" or any distinguishing prefix.
- (vi) Every drug manufactured in India shall bear on its label the number of the licence under which the drug is manufactured, the figure representing the manufacturing licence number being preceded by the words "Manufacturing Licence Number" or 'Mfg. Lic. No.' or 'M.L.'";

18. In rule 100 of the principal rules, for the words "Labelling with the name of the substance", the words and letter "Labelling with the name of substance specified in Schedule E" shall be substituted.

19. In rule 101 of the principal rules, for the words "Labelling with the statement of quantity" the words and letter "Labelling with the statement of quantity of alcohol or a substance specified in Schedule E" shall be substituted.

20. In rule 121-A of the principal rules, the words 'absence of' wherever they occur shall be omitted.

21. In the principal rules, in form 19A, for the note under the asterick, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Rupees five for itinerant vendors and applicants from a village or town having a population of 5,000 or less, and rupees twenty for other restricted licence".

2. In Schedule C to the principal rules, for item (12), the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

"(12) Any other preparation which is meant for parenteral administration either in the form in which it is marketed or after being made up with suitable solvent or medium, and which—

(a) requires to be stored in a refrigerator, or

(b) does not require to be stored in a refrigerator."

23. In part IX of Schedule F to the principal rules, in paragraph 3A, the words "absence of" shall be omitted.

24. In Schedule K to the principal rules, after entry 12, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"13. The following household remedies, namely:

- (a) Castor oil
- (b) Lozenges, pills and tablets for cough
- (c) Eucalyptus oil

(d) Ointments including analgesic balms

(e) Quinine tablets

Extent of exemption

The provisions of Chapter IV of the Act and the Rules thereunder which require them to be covered with a sale licence in form 20-A subject to the following conditions.

- (a) The drugs are sold only in a village having population of not more than one thousand persons and where there is no licensed dealer under the Drugs Act;
- (b) the drugs do not contain any substance specified in Schedules E and L;
- (c) the drugs are sold in the original unopened containers of the licensed manufacturers;
- (d) when the drugs are sold under clause (a) condition 3 under "conditions of licence" of Form 20-B shall not apply."

[No. F. 1-19/59-D.]

BESHASHAR NATH, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 14th June 1961

S.O. 1450.—In pursuance of item (30) of Part II of the Schedule to the Dentists Act, 1948, (18 of 1948), the Dental Council of India hereby approves the following foreign qualification, namely:—

"The Diploma Ecole de Chirurgie Dentaire et de Stomatologie de Paris".

S. BRATT, Secy.

Dental Council of India.

[No. F.3-18/61-MIL.]

S.O. 1451.—In pursuance of clause (2) of Part III of the Schedule to the Dentists Act, 1948 (16 of 1948) the Central Government hereby rescinds the Ministry of Health Notification No. F.18-2/50-MI(B), dated the 14th January, 1950.

[No. F.3-18/MII-A.]

KRISHNA BIHARI, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

New Delhi, the 14th June 1961

S.O. 1452.—In exercise of the powers conferred under item (i) of rule 5 of the University Grants Commission (Disqualification, Retirement and Conditions of Service of Members) Rules 1956 the Central Government was pleased to offer a salary of Rs. 3,000/- p.m., as admissible under the rules to Dr. D. S. Kothari, Chairman of the University Grants Commission. However, at his own request, the Government is pleased to fix his salary at Rs. 1,800/- p.m. with effect from 18th March, 1961, i.e. the date on which he assumed charge of the office of the Chairman, University Grants Commission.

[No. F.24-16/61-U.5.]

P. N. KIRPAL, Secy.

MINISTRY OF IRRIGATION AND POWER

New Delhi, the 14th June 1961

S.O. 1453.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 45 of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1956, the Central Government hereby exempts all works pertaining to electrical installation, maintenance etc. under the control of the undermentioned officers of the Overseas Communications Service of the Ministry of Transport & Communications, from so much of that sub-rule as requires such works to be carried out by an electrical contractor licensed by the State Government in whose area the works are executed:—

1. The Director, Overseas Communications Service, Dighi, Poona-6.
2. The Engineer-in-Charge, Overseas Communications Service, Receiving Station, Dhond.
3. The Engineer-in-Charge, Overseas Communications Service, Central Traffic Office, Bombay.
4. The Director, Overseas Communications Service, Calcutta.
5. The Director, Overseas Communications Service New Delhi.
6. The Engineer-in-Charge, Overseas Communications Service, Madras.

[No. EL.II-5(11)/61.]

ORDER

New Delhi, the 12th June 1961

S.O. 1454.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of Rule 133 of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1956, the Central Government hereby directs that the provisions of—

- (i) Rule 118, proviso (a),
- (ii) Rule 118 (c),
- (iii) Rule 119 (1) (a),
- (iv) Rule 50 (1) (d),
- (v) Rule 123 (7)

of the said Rules shall be relaxed in respect of the use of the following apparatus in conjunction with one Model 7-34E, 3.3 K.V., Page Walking Dragline, serial No. 305—

One 400 amps, 3300 volts, Long and Crawford oil circuit-breaker, serial No. 1506.

One length of 1,000 feet, rated at 4000 volts. Simplex-firex cable, type SHD,

- One style 1040934A, Type F.C., with under voltage S-1251595D op11, S476478. (Isolating switch).
- One 600 amps, 3300 volts. (insulated for 6000 volts), Westinghouse oil circuit-breaker, serial No. 841639, for M.G. Set 1000 K.V.A. synchronous motor.
- One 3300 volts (insulated for 6600 volts) Westinghouse auto-transformer starter, style 99R1274-PR-12A, for the 1000 K.V.A. Synchronous induction motor of the M.G. set.
- One 1000 H.P., 3300 volts, Westinghouse synchronous induction motor, serial No. 15-63-P-451.
- One 15 K.V.A., 3300/240/480 volts, single phase Westinghouse transformer, serial No. 59J/17705.
- One 15 K.V.A., 3300/240/480 volts, single phase, Westinghouse transformer, serial No. 59J/17706.
- One 15 K.V.A., 3300/240/480 volts, single phase, Westinghouse transformer, serial No. 59J/17707.
- One single phase, 3300/120/240 volts, 15 K.V.A., Westinghouse lighting transformer, serial No. 59J/17708.

in the opencast mine at Kurasia Colliery of Messrs National Coal Development Corporation Ltd., to the extent that (1) in relaxation of Rule 118(a) the portable motor of the Walking Dragline may be used at 3.3 K.V., (2) in relaxation of Rule 119(1)(a) the 15 K.V.A., 3.3 K.V./120/240 volts lighting transformer and the bank of three single phase, 15 K.V.A., 3300/240/480 volts transformers, connected in delta/star with their associated equipment using energy at high voltage may not be fixed apparatus as, being installed on the portable shovel moving from place to place, the same have a portable sense, (3) in relaxation of Rule 118(c), the 120 volts supply intended for use for lighting purposes in the Dragline, from the single phase 15 K.V.A. transformer having no mid-voltage point for earthing may be used, (4) in relaxation of Rule 50(10)(d) there being no linked switch for control of 3.3 K.V., supply to the transformers installed on the shovel the 3.3 K.V., supply to same may be controlled by the individually operated link-fuse as provided by the manufacturers (5), in relaxation of Rule 123(7), flexible cable not exceeding 1,000 feet in length may be used with the portable machine and that the relaxation shall be subject to the following conditions:

- (1) The installation and wirings inside the Dragline shall comply with the relevant provisions of the Indian Electricity Rules 1956, in particular rules 115-117, 120, 121, 124 and 125.
- (2) The 3.3 K.V. supply to the flexible cable should be provided with the earth-leakage protection.
- (3) The flexible training cable should be connected to the electricity supply system and the machine by properly constructed connector boxes or totally enclosed safe attachment.
- (4) The excavating machine along with the flexible trailing cable shall be worked and handled with due care so as to avert danger arising out of any electrical defect or in the use. The insulation resistance of the high voltage circuit, including the driving motor, shall at no time be less than 10 megohms.
- (5) The operators of the Dragline shall be trained and authorised for operating the shovel with competency and due care to avoid danger.

Provided that the aforesaid relaxation shall be valid for such time as the said machine is in use in the mine and due information shall be given to the Central Government through the Electrical Inspector of Mines as soon as the machine is taken out of the mine.

[No. EL.II-3(41)/61.]

N. S. VASANT,
Officer on Special Duty.

MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

(Office of the Chief Settlement Commissioner)

New Delhi, the 17th June 1961

S.O. 1455.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary to acquire the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed in the State of Rajasthan for a public purpose, being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires, the evacuee properties specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Property No.	Locality	Name of the evacuee owner	Description of the E.P.
1	2	3	4	5
1	87	Bangi Gawari Basini	Zahurddin s/o Mohd. Bangi	House
2	50	Do.	Mohd. Hanif S/o Nasiruddin Bangi	House

[No. 7(3)/61-Land & Rent-I.]

S.O. 1456.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary to acquire the rural evacuee properties specified in the Schedule below in the State of Rajasthan, for a public purpose, being a purpose connected with the relief and rehabilitation of displaced persons, including payment of compensation to such persons;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), it is notified that the Central Government has decided to acquire, and hereby acquires, the rural evacuee properties specified in the said Schedule.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Name of Village	Tehsil	Kh. No.	Area	Name of Evacuee
1	2	3	4	5	6
				Big.	Bis.
1	Mundpurikala	Govindgarh	80	1 7	Niwaskhan s/o Nathur Meo village Mundpurikala.
2	Do.	Do.	367	2 10	Uhajaghar, Harjari s/o Chowsingh meo r/o Mundpurikala.
3	Do.	Do.	394	3 7	Do.

1	2	3	4	5	6
4	Mundpurikala	Govindgarh	412 413	1 13 1 17	Dhansingh, Dhotali S/o Same Singh Meo R/o Mund- purikala.
5	Do.	Do.	294 284	1 17 4 9	Ladkhkhan, Nehal Umarghan S/o Manmal R/o Mund- purikala.
6	Do.	Do.	403 396	2 8 1 19	Babbola S/o Jaisingh Is- mail S/o Karimkhan R/o Mundpurikala.
7	Do.	Do.	477/408 047 411	2 13 3 5 3 18	Mst. Ghecsi W/o Bhikan Meo R/o Mundpurikala.
8	Do.	Do.	197 385	5 17 4 0	Uhajaghar Meo R/o Mund- purikala.
9	Do.	Do.	446	2 10	Mangli Meo R/o Mund- purikala.
10	Do.	Do.	310	2 15	Ujahaghar Meo R/o Mund- purikala.
11	Do.	Do.	414	3 8	Dhotali Meo R/o Mund- purikala.
12	Do.	Do.	4 5 6	4 15 1 19 1 19	Dhan Singh Meo R/o Mund- purikala.
13	Do.	Do.	73	4 5	Do.
14	TIKRI	Do.	273	1 6	Samesingh Malkhan Meo R/o Tikri.
15	NASWARI	Do.	6	3 8	Chutlal Meo R/o Naswari.
16	Do.	Do.	262	4 16	Newas Meo R/o Naswari.
17	TILWAR	Do.	152	1 3	Mamla Meo R/o Tilwar.
18	Do.	Do.	151	3 5	Simru Meo R/o Tilwar.
19	Do.	Do.	158	1 14	Chandhar Meo R/o Tilwar.
20	Do.	Do.	1067	2 9	Simru Meo R/o Tilwar.
21	Do.	Do.	1166	1 9	Do.
22	Do.	Do.	147	2 8	Khairati Meo R/o Tilwar.
23	Do.	Do.	779	2 13	Dhotali Meo R/o Tilwar.
24	Do.	Do.	895	5 18	Gulkandhi M/o Shuhaji Meo R/o Tilwar.
25	Do.	Do.	871/2	1 0	Munshi, Bansi Meo R/o Til- war.
26	Do.	Do.	871/1	1 15	Tundla Meo R/o Tilwar.
27	Do.	Do.	861/2	2 7	Lila, Mawasi Meo R/o Til- war.
28	MALPUR	Do.	198	1 11	Dheendarkhan Meo R/o Malpur.
29	Do.	Do.	202	1 10	Rehmatkhan Karamat- khan Meo R/o Malpur.
30	Do.	Do.	291	4 8	Tundkhar S/o Noorkhan R/o Malpur.
31	Do.	Do.	553 563	3 3 1 15	Rehmat, Karamatkhan R/o Malpur.
32	Do.	Do.	164	2 1	Do.
33	Do.	Do.	340 341	3 18 3 3	Yasinkhan Bundkhan R/o Malpur.
34	Do.	Do.	679 680	2 19 2 5	Mst. Shabi W/o Rosa R/o Malpur.
35	Do.	Do.	682	2 17	Mst. Shabi W/o Rosa R/o Malpur.
36	Do.	Do.	336 342	1 10 1 11	Mohd. Khan R/o Malpur.
37	Do.	Do.	526 528	2 10 2 11	Ahasayaskhan, Delerkhan, Malpur.
38	Do.	Do.	245	3 10	Joorkhan R/o Malpur.
39	Do.	Do.	684	5 4	Samsheerkhan R/o Malpur.
40	Gandhika	Do.	144	1 11	Jagdev, Sarupa R/o Gan- dhika.

1	2	3	4	5	6
41	Gandhika .	Govindgarh	175	3 4	Jagdev, Sarupa R/o Gandhika.
42	Khanpur Khurd .	Do.	177 311/1	1 17 0 19	Chandru, Chander Bhan R/o Khanpur Khurd.
43	Do. .	Do.	328	1 13	Rehmat S/o Mangli Meo R/o Khanpur Khurd.
44	Alghana .	Do.	128	4 12	Naharkhan R/o Alghana.
45	Do. .	Do.	272	3 4	Madhara R/o Alghana.
46	Do. .	Do.	145	1 9	Do.
47	Do. .	Do.	359	2 7	Do.
48	Do. .	Do.	315	4 0	Kanahya R/o Alghana.
49	Do. .	Do.	18	3 7	Mangal R/o Alghana.
50	Do. .	Do.	99	4 19	Chotekhan Meo Alghana.
51	Do. .	Do.	164M	0 14	Harbux Meo R/o Alghana.
52	Do. .	Do.	163	0 14	Jhahuta Meo R/o Alghana.
53	Singhraka .	Do.	153	2 13	Shaderkhan Meo R/o Alghana.
54	Do. .	Do.	120	2 4	Hasnawe R/o Singhraka.
55	Barwara .	Do.	393	1 3	Kadarkhan Meo R/o Barwara.
56	Do. .	Do.	856 863 864	1 11 0 17 2 14	Semdkhan R/o Barwara.
57	Chirwai .	Do.	7 21 22 26 29 37 39	4 12 2 14 1 1 2 4 1 15 2 11 2 18	Sullarh Meo R/o Chirwai.
58	Do. .	Do.	143 144	4 2 1 2	Do.
59	Do. .	Do.	8	2 13	Do.
60	Hasanpur .	Do.	268/206	2 9	Khadi Mal R/o Hasanpur.
61	Do. .	Do.	156	1 1	Do.
62	Khanpur Khurd .	Do.	291	1 6	Do.
63	Phari .	Do.	610/507	1 0	Do.
64	Do. .	Do.	610/507	2 0	Sarasma Meo.
65	Do. .	Do.	266	1 0	Do.
66	Do. .	Do.	264	1 8	Do.
67	Khanpur Khurd .	Do.	160	1 0	Jumma S/o Langhra Fakir R/o Indpure.
68	Singhraka .	Do.	50	0 16	Mamman, Samman, G'amman Meo.
69	Do. .	Do.	127	1 10	Rehmati, Shubkhan, Sikka R/o Singhraka.
70	Do. .	Do.	180	1 5	Rajkhan Meo R/o Singhraka.
71	Do. .	Do.	194	0 19	Mst. Chandi Meo.
72	Chirwai .	Do.	577	0 18	Dhupa etc. R/o Chirwai.
73	Do. .	Do.	576	1 3	Dhansingh, Chandmal S/o Amir Meo R/o Chirwai.
74	Do. .	Do.	143	4 2	Sullarh Meo R/o Chirwai.
75	Kachroti .	Do.	134 135 137 138 155	9 0	Nabhu and Kavarodi.
76	Do. .	Do.	144 175 177	6 12	Jagrup Meo, Serupa Meo.
77	Malpur .	Do.	526 528	2 10 2 11	Nasibkhan, Chuttan.
78	Tilwar .	Do.	143	2 18	Shimnu Meo.
79	Hasanpur .	Do.	239	2 15	Malkhan.

1	2	3	4	5	6
80	Tilwar . . .	Govindgarh	267	1 12	Shimnu Meo.
81	Jahanpur . . .	Do.	693	1 16	Phula Meo.
82	Hasanpur . . .	Do.	204	0 10	Jhandi Mal Meo.
			205	1 1	
			206	1 1	
			58	1 10	
83	Jahanpur . . .	Do.	660	0 2	Shadi Meo.
84	Malpur . . .	Do.	475	1 14	Dulcy Khan.
85	Malpur . . .	Do.	763	2 9	Javedikhan S/o.
86	Dogri . . .	Do.	325/1	2 2	Boundu.
87	Jaharpur . . .	Do.	653/122	0 14	Budhan Hisedar.
			660/48	0 12	
88	Jaharpur . . .	Do.	332	2 8	Bahadur S/o Bhagri Meo.
89	Khanpur Khurd . .	Do.	310	1 8	
			310/1	0 11	Chander.
			311	1 19	
90	Malpur . . .	Do.	774	1 19	
			776	2 10	Dhuley Khan S/o Bhurey-
					khan.
			351	1 10	
91	Malpur . . .	Do.	281	4 8	Do.
92	Daungri . . .	Do.	588/250-		
			252	2 4	Mor Singh Meo.
93	Naswari . . .	Do.	261	3 4	Rehim Khan.
94	Inderpura . . .	Do.	581	4 5	Chaman S/o Jawahar Meo.
95	Chirwari . . .	Do.	19	3 8	Karim Khan S/o Gatla Meo.
			24	3 15	
96	Basdupur . . .	Do.	268		
			206	2 9	Malkhan.
97	Naswari . . .	Do.	417	4 12	Chut Lal S/o Iudha.
			717	3 16	
98	Surmors . . .	Do.	172	1 17	Kanu.
99	Singarka . . .	Do.	56	1 5	Rajkhan S/o Jagdev Meo.
100	Do. . .	Do.	378	1 12	Yusaf Meo.
101	Tilwar . . .	Do.	906	1 1	Simru Meo.
			914	1 1	
			231	1 1	
102	Tilwar . . .	Do.	89	1 18	Lula.
			88	0 13	
103	Tilwar . . .	Do.	199	0 19	Munshi Bansi
104	Jahanpur . . .	Do.	164	1 15	Jawahar.
105	Do. . .	Do.	562	1 15	Illah Bux.
106	Malpur . . .	Do.	175	1 0	
			179	2 1	Umed Khan Kanzada.
			177	0 12	
			180	4 11	
107	Pahari . . .	Do.	273	1 11	Summi Singh S/o Daiudia
			274	1 7	Meo.
108	Pahari . . .	Do.	168	2 16	Khairati S/o Budha Meo.
109	Chirwari . . .	Do.	218	3 3	Karimkhan.
110	Singraka . . .	Do.	46	2 17	Gogar S/o Man Singh.
			47	4 6	
111	Singraka . . .	Do.	7	3 11	Jahangir Meo.
112	Chirwari . . .	Do.	18	3 19	Dhundal Meo.
113	Chirwari . . .	Do.	307	6 0	Nihrel S/o Chand Singh
					Meo.
114	Pahari . . .	Do.	126	4 14	
			486	3 14	Kalu Meo S/o Udalbhan.
			484	1 9	

1	2	3	4	5	6
115	Malpur . . .	Govindgarh	287 300 309 112 168 169 172 32 442	2 0 1 3 2 9 2 1 4 11 1 11 1 4 3 1 1 5	Majirkhan Khanzada.
116	Malpur . . .	Do.	711	1 1	Mangur Khan.
117	Pahari . . .	Do.	574	4 13	Kaleykhan S/o Udey Khan.
118	Pahari . . .	Do.	433 428 497 492 505 494 495	2 6 2 15 3 16 2 0 1 15 2 0 1 0	Kalu Khan S/o Udai Bhan.
119	Malpur . . .	Do.	603 685	3 8 1 4	Umedkhan.
120	Malpur . . .	Do.	725 729 730	2 2 2 11 2 14	Kalu Khan.
121	Indpur . . .	Do.	77	2 11	Handu Meo.
122	Pahari . . .	Do.	264 178	2 1 0 8	
123	Malpur . . .	Do.	636	2 16	Udem Khan Khanzada.
124	Pahari . . .	Do.	605/ 334 6	2 11 8 2	Gisa Meo.
125	Ashaka . . .	Do.	6	8 2	Jagmal.
126	Mundpuri . . .	Do.	32	5 2	Dhan Singh.
127	Mundpuri . . .	Do.	54 4 6	1 14 4 15 1 19	Dhan Singh.
128	Govindgarh . . .	Do.	446 477 478 479 504 509	21 0 1/4 part of it.	Bashir Pathan.
129	Jahanpur . . .	Do.	456	6 9	Kulla Meo.
130	Jahanpur . . .	Do.	420 657	2 15 1 11	Kulla Meo.
131	Jahanpur . . .	Do.	162	0 14	Kulla Meo.
132	Chirwai . . .	Do.	2	2 9	Dhupa.
133	Barwara . . .	Do.	143	1 10	Ilahabux.
134	Hasanpur . . .	Do.	161 195	4 15 2 5	Maleykhan.
135	Chirwai . . .	Do.	296	5 8	Dhundani.
136	Jahanpur . . .	Do.	610 616 666 617 662 663 667	0 14 1 8 1 3 2 4 1 17 1 17 1 12	Rehman Meo.
137	Tikari . . .	Do.	113	1 4	Şyalo Meo.
138	Sarwara . . .	Do.	575	0 13	Doley Khan.
139	Do.	Do.	233	5 6	Rustam.
140	Hasanpur . . .	Do.	267 206	2 9	Male Khan.
141	Do.	Do.	26	4 3	Mamraj.

1	2	3	4	5	6
142	Govindgarh . . .	Govindgarh	99	3 15	Kaleykhan.
143	Tilwar . . .	Do.	199	0 19	Munshi Bansi.
144	Do.	Do.	448	4 13	
			477	1 19	
			478	2 3	
			479	0 18	
			504	1 17	Mohamod Bashir Ahmed.
			505	1 10	
			506	2 2	
			507	2 2	
			508	2 2	
			509	1 7	
145	Salarpur . . .	Do.	87	3 10	Chhitar S/o Nihal Khan.
			139		
146	Jahanpur . . .	Do.	774		
			775	1 6	Chawala.
147	Malpur . . .	Do.	902	2 0	Chhotukhan.
148	Singarka . . .	Do.	180	1 19	Sumer Khan.
149	Jahanpur . . .	Do.	160	2 1	Jahangir.
150	Shahpur . . .	Do.	56		
			112		
			117		
			115	9 2	Umraw.
			143		
151	Malpur . . .	Do.	340	3 18	Remat and Jaman.
			341	3 3	
152	Singarka . . .	Do.	120	2 4	Mst. Hasi Wd/o Mangli.
153	Sandaaka . . .	Laxmangarh	301	4 16	
	Johri Ka Bas.		254	7 16	
			303	0 11	} Hari Singh 2. Chand Meo.
			307	1 14	
154	Kafnwara . . .	Do.	532	0 18	} Jawahar.
			641	0 7	
			652	0 14	
154	Kafnwara . . .	Laxmangarh	661	0 10	
			660	0 5	
			679	1 4	
			680	1 15	
			519	0 15	} Jawahar.
			636	0 18	
			654	0 18	
			655	1 3	
			581	4 4	
155	Do.	Do.	532	0 18	
			241	12 0	
			652	0 14	
			660	0 5	
			661	0 10	} Jawahar S/o Sagat Meo.
			676	1 4	
			680	1 15	
			516	0 15	
			636	0 15	
			654	0 18	
			655	1 3	
			581	4 4	
156	Tilwar . . .	Do.	194	0 14	Simru Meo.
			287	0 17	
			274	2 5	
			288	1 0	

1	2	3	4	5	6
157	Tilwar . . .	Laxmangarh	194 287 274 288	0 14 0 17 2 5 1 0	Simru Meo.
158	Tilwar . . .	Do.	542	1 1	Simru Meo.
159	Tilwar . . .	Do.	1136	4 4	Do.
160	Tilwar . . .	Do.	696	1 6	Do.
161	Khudiana . .	Do.			1/1 of 191 Bighas 17 Biswas of land Umer Khan Meo at Khuding.
<i>TEHSIL TIJARA</i>					
162	Sareta . . .	Tijara.	633	6 19	Jagmal etc. Mehtab.
163	Do. . . .	Do.	775	2 15	Safeda S/o Mehrab, Sher- khan etc.
164	Do. . . .	Do.	230	1 6	Jasmal.
165	Do. . . .	Do.	387 388 564	1 7 0 16 0 16	Rustam Latur etc.
166	Do. . . .	Do.	721	3 7	Garu S/o Mawari.
167	Do. . . .	Do.	593	3 7	Do.
168	Do. . . .	Do.	295/1	4 14	Shitab etc.
169	Do. . . .	Do.	332	3 1	Do.
170	Do. . . .	Do.	331	3 7	Do.
171	Do. . . .	Do.	880	2 3	Chendsingh etc. Dhan Singh.
172	Do. . . .	Do.	1072/ 257	2 12	Jasmal etc.
173	Do. . . .	Do.	816	6 13	Do.
174	Sareta . . .	Do.	753	0 15	Rustam Latur etc.
175	Do. . . .	Do.	859 860 977	1 16 1 6 2 7	Shi ab, Pratap.
176	Do. . . .	Do.	716 725	1 12 1 0	Jodha etc.
177	Arandka . .	Do.	77/1 77/2 77/3 31/1 81/2	2 0 0 14 0 12 1 5 1 7	Chawkhan S/o Magli.
178	Do. . . .	Do.	76/1	1 1	Chitarmal Khan.
179	Do. . . .	Do.	50/8	0 10	Magu S/o Kandan.
180	Do. . . .	Do.	34	4 16	Hoshiar Hisedar.
181	Bhindusi . .	Do.	624 625	3 1 1 18	Mubin Razak.
182	Do. . . .	Do.	225	0 6	Shamlat Patl Hasan Khan.
183	Bichpuri . .	Do.	142/3 196 296	1 4 0 19 0 7	Nuru Majid S/o Mawasi.
184	Do. . . .	Do.	235/1	1 2	Rustam Chhotey Khan.
185	Do. . . .	Do.	174 297 108	1 14 0 5 0 3	Fateh Khan etc.
186	Do. . . .	Do.	65	2 12	Do.
187	Do. . . .	Do.	98	1 3	Do.
188	Do. . . .	Do.	185	1 11	Do.
189	Do. . . .	Do.	293 213 9 99	0 17 1 6 2 14 1 0	Do.

1	2	3	4	5	6
191	Bichpuri	Tijara	227	2 2	Fateh Khan etc.
192	Do.	Do.	142	1 5	Do.
193	Do.	Do.	246	0 11	Do.
194	Do.	Do.	146	0 11	Do.
195	Do.	Do.	217	2 3	Do.
196	Do.	Do.	156	4 0	Do.
197	Do.	Do.	39	1 0	Raisingh Rai Khan S/o
			179/2	0 16	Sugra.
			225/1	1 6	
198	Do.	Do.	124	1 4	Raisingh Rai Khan S/o
			183	1 10	Sugra.
			272	0 9	
			285	0 11	
199	Do.	Do.	292	0 17	Fateh Khan etc.
200	Do.	Do.	117	1 6	Fateh Khan etc.
			184	2 8	
201	Do.	Do.	121	0 11	Raisingh etc.
202	Do.	Do.	167	1 6	Do.
			187	0 6	
203	Do.	Do.	186	1 6	Do.
			223	0 14	
204	Kultaipuri	Do.	198	0 6	Imamkhan etc.
205	Do.	Do.	270	0 11	Chandu S/o Ilal.
206	Do.	Do.	280	4 8	Do.
207	Do.	Do.	246	1 9	Do.
208	Do.	Do.	155	0 11	Do.
209	Do.	Do.	162/6	0 7	Do.
210	Do.	Do.	251/1	1 10	Khairati etc.
			257/1	2 4	
211	Do.	Do.	242	3 18	Do.
212	Do.	Do.	55/12	1 10	Mohd. etc.
213	Do.	Do.	38, 33	1 14	Hashmal s/o Munikhan.
				0 12	
214	Do.	Do.	81/1	0 11	Kallu S/o Bhagu.
215	Bharherra	Do.	246	1 3	More Singh.
216	Do.	Do.	158	0 18	Mahala Singh.
217	Do.	Do.	137	0 17	
			164	0 15	Chahat etc.
			168	1 6	
			391	1 0	
			408	0 4	
			532	0 15	
218	Do.	Do.	131	0 16	Do.
219	Do.	Do.	596	0 18	Mst. Hussaini.
220	Do.	Do.	593	0 11	Do.
221	Do.	Do.	149	0 14	Bhagmal.
			190	0 18	
222	Do.	Do.	390	1 0	Chahat.
223	Do.	Do.	548	0 9	Mst. Hussaini.
224	Do.	Do.	546	0 9	Do.
225	Do.	Do.	477	0 6	Do.
226	Do.	Do.	435	2 15	Do.
227	Do.	Do.	41	1 19	Do.
			693	0 10	
228	Do.	Do.	95	0 18	Mst. Hussaini.
			397	2 0	
			501	1 4	
229	Do.	Do.	185	0 15	Bhagmal, Sugra, Pisran Um-raw.
			774	0 17	
			189	0 17	
230	Do.	Do.	550	0 19	Mst. Hussaini.
			595	2 19	

1	2	3	4	5	6
231	Bharhera	Tijara	249 265 326 368 369 525 555 640 752 764 779 314	2 13 0 14 1 13 0 15 0 12 1 12 0 16 0 15 0 12	Kale Khan etc.
				0 19 1 5 1 16	
232	Dhakpuri	Do.	87/2	0 13	Bhudari S/o Bhola.
233	Do.	Do.	117	0 11	Jasmal etc.
234	Do.	Do.	107	3 11	Jasmal etc.
235	Do.	Do.	344	0 15	Khudabux.
236	Damdama	Do.	130	1 18	Chandmal.
237	Thous.	Do.	211	0 5	Jagrup etc.
238	Do.	Do.	613	0 8	Do.
239	Do.	Do.	197	0 3	Do.
			975/2	2 0	
240	Do.	Do.	237	0 9	Do. 1
241	Do.	Do.	241	0 7	Jagrup etc.
242	Do.	Do.	987	1 1	Do.
			1206	1 9	
243	Do.	Do.	955	1 8	Do.
			1252	2 7	
244	Do.	Do.	806	1 18	Do.
245	Do.	Do.	47/2	3 0	Khairati etc.
246	Do.	Do.	1168	1 8	Jasmal etc.
247	Do.	Do.	448	0 16	Do.
248	Do.	Do.	456	1 4	Do.
249	Do.	Do.	872/1	0 17	Mauj Khan full Khan.
			875	1 14	
250	Do.	Do.	287	1 2	Kamal Khan Hasan Khan.
			290	1 4	
			292	1 2	
251	Do.	Do.	737/3	0 6	Fateh Khan etc.
			734	0 10	
	Do.	Do.	738/1	0 5	
			737/1	0 6	
			738/3		
252	Do.	Do.	926/1	1 13	Fateh Khan etc.
253	Do.	Do.	1/1		
			2/1		
			3/1	6 0	Do.
			4/1		
			5/1		
254	Do.	Do.	916	2 5	Do.
255	Do.	Do.	1171	3 8	
			1172	5 8	Kanu Jagmal S/o Chandmal.
256	Do.	Do.	909/1	0 6	Kanu Jagmal S/o Hassan
			910/1	1 3	Khan.
257	Do.	Do.	441	1 6	Do.
258	Do.	Do.	441/2	1 5	Do.
259	Do.	Do.	866/1	0 10	Chav Khan Rai Khan.
260	Do.	Do.	876/2	1 5	Saphed Khan etc.
261	Do.	Do.	856/4	1 0	Do.
262	Do.	Do.	94	0 14	Jagroop etc.
263	Do.	Do.	55	1 5	Do.
	Do.	Do.	1204	1 5	
264	Do.	Do.	236	0 8	Do.
			470	1 5	
265	Do.	Do.	868/4	0 14	Do.
266	Do.	Do.	93/2	0 3	Do.
			238	0 7	
267	Do.	Do.	868/3	0 18	Do.

1	2	3	4	5	6
268	Thous . .	Tijara	989	1 0	Jagroop etc.
			992	2 2	
			1013/1	0 9	
269	Do. . .	Do.	678	0 9	Safed Khan etc.
270	Do. . .	Do.	991	0 18	Do.
271	Do. . .	Do.	416		
			489	2 7	Do.
			493		
272	Do. . .	Do.	847	2 0	Do.
273	Do. . .	Do.	490	1 5	Do.
274	Chawari Kala . .	Do.	150	2 2	Raimal
			646	0 10	
			805	1 5	
			913	2 14	
275	Do. . .	Do.	239	0 11	Do.
276	Do. . .	Do.	108	1 1	Do.
277	Do. . .	Do.	262	2 12	Nabirkhan.
278	Do. . .	Do.	843	0 15	Do.
279	Do. . .	Do.	937	4 12	Do.
280	Do. . .	Do.	33	1 17	Do.
281	Do. . .	Do.	1152	1 9	Do.
282	Do. . .	Do.	10	0 4	Hazari, etc.
			113	0 11	
283	Do. . .	Do.	324	3 11	Nabirkhan.
284	Do. . .	Do.	1133	0 11	
			1146	0 12	Allahbux.
			1181	2 3	
285	Do. . .	Do.	928	1 0	Malkhan.
			946	0 11	
286	Do. . .	Do.	257	2 17	Do.
			1165	1 17	
			1166	1 9	
287	Do. . .	Do.	670	0 9	Mst. Muradi.
288	Do. . .	Do.	1339	0 14	Do.
			1340	0 15	
			1341	0 14	
			1345	1 14	
289	Do. . .	Do.	26	3 13	
			37	0 7	
			228	0 11	Mst. Muradi.
			45	0 13	
			246	0 17	
			297		
290	Do. . .	Do.	34	1 19	Chaiyat.
			293	1 16	
			593	0 6	
291	Do. . .	Do.	244	1 6	Mangli.
			1143	1 7	
292	Neemli . .	Do.	934	0 7	Sumer.
293	Do. . .	Do.	1115	2 11	
			1118	0 18	Rahim Khan.
			1121	1 0	
294	Do. . .	Do.	958	0 11	Rahim Khan.
			959	0 9	
			957	1 0	
295	Do. . .	Do.	1111/2	0 13	
			1112/1	1 11	
			1112/2	1 4	Do.
296	Do. . .	Do.	83	2 6	Mohali.
297	Do. . .	Do.	701	0 13	Malu.
298	Do. . .	Do.	1278/828	0 10	Malu.
			1281/838	0 9	
299	Do. . .	Do.	741	0 15	
			691	0 9	Modh Singh Mamman.

1	2	3	4	5	6
300	Neemli . . .	Tijara	345/1	0 7	
			397/1	0 11	Lohadmal.
301	Do. . . .	Do.	736	1 16	
			851	1 18	Subankhan.
			853	0 9	
302	Do. . . .	Do.	1257/2	0 16	Suban Khan.
303	Do. . . .	Do.	17	0 19	Suban Khan.
			488	0 9	
			645	0 11	
			1084	1 1	
304	Do. . . .	Do.	15	2 7	Maman.
305	Do. . . .	Do.	367/1	1 11	Malkhan.
306	Do. . . .	Do.	640	0 14	Nibela.
			1096	0 12	
307	Do. . . .	Do.	1097	0 19	Do.
			1098	1 11	
308	Do. . . .	Do.	10	3 6	Jahur.
			116	2 14	
309	Do. . . .	Do.	963	0 14	Suwat Khan.
			8	3 18	
310	Do. . . .	Do.	39	0 18	Do.
311	Do. . . .	Do.	5/1	2 16	Sultankhan.
312	Do. . . .	Do.	5/2	2 16	Rahman.
313	Do. . . .	Do.	359	3 11	Sugra etc.
314	Do. . . .	Do.	517	0 18	Do.
			518	0 8	
			521	0 3	
315	Do. . . .	Do.	199/1	1 15	Fakiruddin.
			201	1 5	
			202	0 16	
316	Do. . . .	Do.	974	0 12	Sanu
317	Do. . . .	Do.	375	1 7	Sakur.
			376	2 13	
			377	2 12	
			378	2 0	
318	Do. . . .	Do.	356	0 15	Nehaiyala.
319	Serata . . .	Do.	277	1 5	Bhagmal.
320	Do. . . .	Do.	805	1 4	Chotu.
321.	Do. . . .	Do.	729	4 5	Bhojmal.
			798	0 7	
322.	Do. . . .	Do.	799	0 17	Do.
323.	Do. . . .	Do.	865	1 3	Jaimal.
			866	1 3	
324.	Do. . . .	Do.	970	2 1	Do.
			658	0 15	
325.	Do. . . .	Do.	200	2 8	Do.
326.	Do. . . .	Do.	255/2	1 11	Hasu (Hastu).
327.	Do. . . .	Do.	295/	3 0	Sitab.
			297	3 1	
328.	Do. . . .	Do.	139	1 3	Jodha.
			148	0 15	
329.	Do. . . .	Do.	197	1 9	Kawarchand.
330.	Do. . . .	Do.	260	2 10	Jodha.
331.	Do. . . .	Do.	11	1 19	Rustam Latter.
332.	Do. . . .	Do.	318	1 15	Sitab.
333.	Do. . . .	Do.	80	2 5	
			87	1 18	
			1065/30	4 5	Do.
			1066/30	2 2	
			97	3 12	
334.	Do. . . .	Do.	842M	1 0	Do.
335.	Roophas . . .	Do.	404	2 4	Khairati.
			405	2 17	
336.	Do. . . .	Do.	412/37	4 0	Chota.
337.	Do. . . .	Do.	2	6 14	Mohamad.

1	2	3	4	5	6
338.	Roophas	. . . Tijara	330	0 16	Madari.
339.	Do.	. . . Do.	333	5 2	Do.
340.	Do.	. . . Do.	46	1 7	
			47	1 10	
			51	0 17	Sardari.
			209	0 9	
			213/1M	0 8	
			216	1 2	
341.	Do.	. . . Do.	352	3 7	Do.
342.	Do.	. . . Do.	265	7 13	Do.
			266/1	2 7	
343.	Ncemli	. . . Do.	1061	1 10	
			1063	0 12	Maturi.
			1064	0 2	
344.	Do.	. . . Do.	478	2 6	Matur.
			479	1 0	
			473	0 14	
345.	Do.	. . . Do.	353	0 10	Nehaiyala.
346.	Kultajpur	. . . Do.	250	3 18	Chitor.
347.	Do.	. . . Do.	284/1	1 0	Immam Khan.
348.	Do.	. . . Do.	105	1 10	Nalu Khan
			162/2	0 18	
			199	0 3	
			221	0 14	
			248	1 10	
			261	5 8	
349.	Gotoli	. . . Do.	244	3 4	Faj Khan.
			250	3 8	
350.	Do.	. . . Do.	464	3 13	Umedkhan.
351.	Do.	. . . Do.	142	0 4	Bhurokhan.
			144	0 12	
			147/2	0 3	
			143	0 7	
352.	Do.	. . . Do.	146	0 12	Mst. Sabo.
353.	Do.	. . . Do.	463	4 1	Do.
354.	Do.	. . . Do.	347	5 2	Jardorkhan.
			112	4 4	
355.	Do.	. . . Do.	223	5 7	Jumman Khan.
			359	5 12	
			364	4 9	
			397	1 7	
356.	Do.	. . . Do.	126	0 7	Gisha.
			215	1 10	
357.	Do.	. . . Do.	452	1 3	Mst. Jaman.
			512	0 18	
			513	1 4	
358.	Do.	. . . Do.	124	0 10	Aubo.
			216	0 14	
359.	Do.	. . . Do.	385	4 15	Daulat Khan.
			386	8 19	
360.	Udaipur	. . . Do.	379/	3 0	Paparia.
			195		
361.	Do.	. . . Do.	106	1 6	Hasan.
362.	Do.	. . . Do.	319	2 7	Makinut.
363.	Rehera	. . . Do.	3	1 10	Mst. Hasni.
			735	0 9	
			240		
364.	Do.	. . . Do.	218	1 5	Do.
			229	1 5	
			563	0 11	
365.	Do.	. . . Do.	324	2 3	Do.
			344	1 19	
			483	0 9	
			681	0 6	
			682	0 10	
366.	Do.	. . . Do.	363	0 13	Do.

1	2	3	4	5	6
367.	Berhera	. . . Tijara.	182	6	16 Chawat.
			389	1	2
368.	Do.	. . . Do.	248	2	6 Do.
369.	Do.	. . . Do.	125	0	9
			129	1	1 Do.
			140	1	0
			150	0	16
370.	Do.	. . . Do.	124	0	9 Chawat.
			159	0	15
			133	0	17
			215	0	10
			405	0	19
			409	0	4
371.	Do.	. . . Do.	135	0	15 Do.
372.	Do.	. . . Do.	232	1	14 Do.
			404	1	19
373.	Do.	. . . Do.	823/	0	18 Newaj Khan.
			454		

[No. 7(3)/61-Lands-II.]

S. W. SHIVESHWARKAR, Jt. Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT*New Delhi, the 14th June 1961*

S.O. 1487.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Labour Court, Delhi, in the matter of an application under section 33A of the said Act from Shri Ram Chander, ex-Peon of the State Bank of Bikaner, Phalodi Branch.

**BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT LABOUR
COURT: DELHI.**

PRESENT:

Shri E. Krishna Murti, Central Govt. Labour Court, Delhi
25th May, 1961.

APPLICATION U/S. 33A, Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

ID No. 29 OF 1961

Shri Ram Chander, Ex-Peon State Bank of Bikaner, Phalodi Branch C/o
Shri K. L. Chopra, P. N. Bank Ltd., Jodhpur—*Complainant*.

Vs.The Management of the State Bank of Bikaner—*Opposite Party*.Shri E. D. Benjamin *for the management*.Shri Chaman Lal Bhardwaj *for the workman*.

IN THE MATTER OF Ref. No. 1 of 1960 (Bank Disputes), pending before the
N.I.T. (Bank Disputes) Bombay-1.

AWARD

This is a petition under Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act

2. The petitioner alleges, that he was appointed as a Peon in the State Bank of Bikaner for Phalodi Office of the Bank by letter dated 27th December 1959, that his services were terminated with effect from 16th June 1960, that such action of the management is contrary to law, and is *mala fide*, that the petitioner's services were terminated in order to accommodate one Shri Bhagwana Ram, and that suitable relief should be granted to the petitioner.

3. The contention on behalf of the management is, that the workman was relieved during the probationary period with effect from 16th June 1960, that he is not entitled to invoke the protection of 33 or 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act, that the opposite party had the right to terminate the services of a probationer, when he was not found fit for confirmation, that Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act has no application to the facts of this case, and that the petitioner is not entitled to any relief.

4. The issues, that arise for determination, are:—

- (1) Whether the petition, as brought, is maintainable?
- (2) Whether the petitioner's services were terminated, as contended on behalf of the workman? If so, is such termination wrongful?
- (3) Is such termination lawful and justified?
- (4) To what relief, if any, is the petitioner entitled?

Issues No. 1—4.

5. This is a petition under Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act.

6. When the petition came on for final hearing, the matter was settled between the parties, and both parties filed a compromise, Ext. M/1. The terms thereof are as follows:—

“With reference to the above application it is submitted that the complainant as well as the opposite party have mutually settled the dispute and the terms of settlement are as under:—

1. That Shri Ram Chander will be re-appointed by the Bank as a peon on usual probation at one of its branches in Rajasthan and confirmed in service after satisfactory work.

2. That no back wages or any other compensation will be paid to Shri Ram Chander for the period he remained out of the service of the Bank.

3. That the Hon'ble Court may be pleased to make an award in terms of the above settlement.

4. That the settlement should be implemented within one month from date.

On behalf of the Management,
of the State Bank of Bikaner.
Sd/ E. D. BENJAMIN,

On behalf of All India Bank
Employees Federation, Delhi.
Sd/ C. L. BHARADWAJ,

Supdt. of Staff.

President.

Dated 25th May, 1961.”

7. The said compromise is accepted.

8. In the result, in this petition, an award is passed in terms of Ext. M/1, the compromise, the terms of which are as set out above.

(Two pages)

Sd/- E. KRISHNA MURTI,

25th May, 1961.

Central Govt. Labour Court: Delhi.

[No. 55(14)/61-LRIV.]

New Delhi, the 19th June 1961

S.O. 1458.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Labour Court, Delhi, in the matter of an application under section 33A of the said Act, from Shri Bimal Pershad Jain employee of the Central Bank of India Limited, Dehra Dun Branch.

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT LABOUR COURT, DELHI.

PRESENT:

Shri E. Krishna Murti, Central Government Labour Court, Delhi.

The 30th May, 1961.

Application U/S. 33A, of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

I. D. No. 22 of 1961.

Shri Bimal Pershad Jain, Employee of the Central Bank of India Ltd., Dehra Dun Branch (Through) U.P. Bank Employees' Union, Dehradun.—*Complainant.*

Vs.

The Central Bank of India Ltd., Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay-1.—*Respondent.*Shri Chaman Lal *for the management.*Shri B. P. Jain with S. Hanuman Singh *for the workman.*

In the matter of Ref: No. 1 of 1960, pending before the National Industrial Tribunal (Bank Dispute), Bombay-1.

AWARD

This is a petition under Section 33A of the Industrial Disputes Act.

2. The petitioner alleges, that he joined the service of the Bank on 29th July, 1947, as a Stenographer, that last he worked as a clerk also, that he was promoted to the supervisory cadre on 1st July, 1958, that he was however given only allowance of Rs. 10 per month, in addition to Rs. 20, which he was receiving previously as a Stenographer, that the allowance payable to him is Rs. 50, instead of Rs. 30, according to the Sastry Award, that he was also granted a regular power of attorney by the Bank, that he continued working at the supervisory post for a period of over two years from 1st July, 1958 to 6th October, 1960, that however the Bank withdrew the supervisory duties without any reason on 6th October, 1960, and cancelled the power of attorney granted to the workman on 14th October, 1960, that this was done in order to make him an example of the consequences of workmen's demand, and that suitable relief should be granted to him.

3. The case of the management is, that they are not guilty of contravention of the provisions of Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Act, that it is not true, that the petitioner was promoted to supervisory staff on 1st July, 1958, that he was given only checking powers and was sanctioned checking allowance of Rs. 10 for the period he performed checking work, that there is no question of proper fixation of his emoluments, as he was given a chance only to officiate as an officer from 1st June, 1959 to 6th November, 1959, 1959, during which period he was paid officiating allowance, as required under the Award, that he was posted to officiate at the Hardwar Office in a leave vacancy temporarily, that subsequent to this whenever he was required to officiate, he was paid officiating allowance, that from 1st July, 1958 to 31st May, 1959, he was performing some routine checking work, along with his clerical duties, that he was not posted as supervisor, that whenever he officiated as a junior officer in a casual and temporary vacancy, he was paid officiating allowance under the Award, that a power of attorney had been granted to him as two persons are required to sign generally all instruments for giving effectual discharge, that since he was found surplus, the power of attorney was cancelled, that the Bank was just and fair to the workman, that it is not true, that the conditions of service were altered to the prejudice of the workman, and that the claim put forward on behalf of the workman is untenable.

4. The issues, that arise for determination, are:—

(1) Whether the petitioner is entitled to recover the amount of supervisory allowance at the rate of Rs. 50 per month, as claimed by him?

(2) To what relief if any, is he entitled?

Issue No. 1.

5. The contention has been raised on behalf of the Bank, in the written statement, that the petition, as brought, is not maintainable, because there is no contravention of Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Act. This objection however has not at all been argued before me on behalf of the Bank. I find, that the petition, as brought, is maintainable.

6. The petitioner, Shri B. P. Jain was working as a Stenographer in the Dehra Dun Branch of the Central Bank of India and he joined the service of the Bank as a Stenographer on 20th July 1947. According to his case, he was promoted to the supervisory grade on 1st July 1958. Shri M. L. Datta, a junior officer in Dehra Dun Branch, was transferred to Saharanpur Branch of the Bank in the month of July, 1958. A vacancy in the supervisory staff thus fell vacant. To fill this vacancy the petitioner was promoted to the supervisory cadre. He was performing the duties, that were being performed by the junior officer. There were two junior officers at the time in the Central Bank, and consequent on the petitioner's promotion, the duties were re-allotted as between the petitioner and the other officer. In the replication, filed on behalf of the petitioner and dated 12th December 1960 the duties performed by him and the other junior officer are set out. According to the said replication, the petitioner was performing the following duties:—

“Checking of Home Saving Ledgers, Passing of Home Saving cheques, Agency, Establishment, Completion of Specimen signatures Album, Weekly Report, Statement of Cash Position and demand liabilities as of 15th, and all other Reserve Bank statements and other statements. Checking of Cash Scroll and Token books. State Bank ledger, Statistics Ledger, Profit & Loss Ledger, Despatch (Dak) Registers, Indian Stamps.”

Further duties are enumerated in paragraph 5 of the re-joinder. This is also supported by an affidavit of Shri Jain, Ext. W/17 dated 12th December, 1960.

7. In the written statement filed on behalf of the Bank it is alleged in paragraph 2, that Mr. Jain was working as a clerk, and that in addition to normal clerical duties he performed, the checking duties specified below:—

“Checking of H.S.S. Ledgers and registers of deposit balances, agency, Profit & Loss, establishment and dak despatch, specimen signature album, Indian stamp statistics and preparation and checking of other departmental statements, checking of scroll and token books.”

A scrutiny of these duties, shows, that these are practically the same as set out in the workman's statement, as above.

8. The contention on behalf of the Bank is, that these were mere routine checking, duties, that Shri Jain was paid the checking allowance of Rs. 10, that the performance of these duties does not mean, that Shri Jain was placed in the supervisory cadre, and that he is not entitled to recover Rs. 50, the allowance claimed in accordance with Paragraph 164(b)(9) of the Sastry Award. It is necessary to refer to the documentary evidence, that has been adduced on behalf of either side. On behalf of the workman, we have Ext. W/1, which is a copy of the communication issued by the Sub-Agent, Dehra Dun on 18th July, 1958. It is stated therein, that by virtue of the instructions from the Controlling Office, Delhi, Shri B. P. Jain had been given checking powers, and that he had also been sanctioned checking allowance of Rs. 10 with effect from 1st July, 1958. Ext. W/2 dated 2nd April, 1959 is a letter of Shri Jain, addressed to the Controller of the Bank at Delhi. It is stated therein, that he had been invested with signing powers, that he had been doing other jobs of supervisory nature since July, 1958, that he had been sanctioned a nominal checking allowance of Rs. 10 per month that 9 months had elapsed since the time he began doing these various types of work, and that his pay might be fixed suitably. Ext. W/3 dated 27th May, 1959, is to the effect, that Shri Jain had been given a chance to work as an officiating officer for a period of two months with effect from 1st August, 1959, and that the Stenographer's allowance of Rs. 20, and checking allowance of Rs. 10 would cease to be drawn by him, and that during the period he officiated as an officer, he would be paid officiating allowance at the rate of 20 per cent of his basic salary. In Ext. W/4 dated 27th October, 1959 Shri Jain wrote, that, since July, 1958, he had been discharging the job of an officer in the Branch, that he had made representations for fixing of his emoluments in the officers' pay-scale, that however in May, 1959, a part of his basic pay was reduced, and 20 per cent of the revised basic pay was given as allowance, that this had resulted in monetary loss, that he was thankful to the management for recognition of his talents by vesting him with signing

powers, and giving him a supervising job for more than one year, and that his case might be finalised. Ext. M/5 is another letter of Shri Jain dated 25th September, 1959, to the effect, that he had been working as an officer since July, 1958, that he had not been taking any part in union activities, that he would also not take part in such activities in future, which might be harmful to the institution, and that he would always be governed by the Bank's rules, and regulations. Ext. W/6, dated 6th November, 1959, shows, that Shri Jain was reverted to his original post with immediate effect and he was directed to hand-over to Shri Desraj Katuria, who had been transferred to Dehra Dun as junior officer. By Ext. W/7 the Bank ordered, that as the petitioner had been reverted to his old post, he would continue to draw the emoluments, that he was drawing before he was promoted as a junior officer. Ext. W/8 is a letter sent by the workman to the General Manager dated 17th August, 1960. The workman pointed out, that he had been invested with checking powers in July, 1958, that he was further granted a regular power of attorney, that he had been given a chance to officiate as a junior officer, that instead of fixing his pay in the officer's grade he had been reverted in October, 1959, due to no fault of his, and that he had suffered a loss of Rs. 2,808. He demanded payment of the amount due to him at the rate of Rs. 50 per month, including the arrears due to him at this rate. Ext. W/9 is the answer thereto of the Bank, dated 23rd September, 1960, asserting, that Shri Jain had been allowed to do routine checking work from July, 1958, for which an allowance of Rs. 10 was paid to him, that the amount of Rs. 50, claimed by him, was payable to a full time supervisor, and could not be claimed by a person, who was required to do some routine checking work, that, as he did not work as a full time supervisor, his claim for payment of Rs. 50 per month was frivolous, and that his claim for payment of overtime work was also unsustainable. By Ext. W/10 dated 6th October, 1960, Shri Jain was informed, that the checking allowance of Rs. 10 was stopped with effect from that date i.e. the 6th. Ext. W/11 dated 14th October, 1960, is also to the effect, that the checking allowance of Rs. 10 was withdrawn, and that he was not to do any further checking work as a third officer had been provided in the office. Ext. W/17 is the affidavit of Shri Jain dated 12th December, 1960, and it sets out, the various duties, that he was said to have been performing since 1st July, 1958.

9. On the side of the management, we have Ext. M/1, which is an affidavit of Shri Malhotra, the Sub-Agent. In paragraph 2 are set out the checking duties, that were entrusted to Shri Jain, and these are the same as those already referred to, and contained in paragraph 2 of the written statement. It is next stated, that Shri Jain was given the additional duty of signing of deposit receipts, from 3rd July, 1959 to 15th October, 1959, after he was given a power of attorney. With effect from 16th October, 1959, till he was reverted to his original post, he was entrusted with the following duties, namely, checking of H.S.S. Ledgers, H.S.S. Cheques, I.B.C., O.B.C., statistics, checking of scroll, and all other statements. He was signing drafts occasionally, but not regularly. Before July, 1959, he was not authorised to sign any deposit receipts, or drafts, but he might have done so on rare occasions, when the Sub-Agent was absent, or when Shri Gupta, the Assistant Accountant, was on leave. This was done only in an emergency. He was not allowed to sign correspondence, or to receive valuable securities. In Ext. M/3, a letter dated 30th December, 1958, the Head Office wrote that, even though they were not in favour of giving checking work to Shri Jain, because he had all along worked as a Stenographer and was not well conversant with the work of all important departments. Still, on account of the pressing requests made to the Head Office, and because of the withdrawal of the third officer from the Dehra Dun Office, Shri Jain was allowed to do merely routine checking work. In Ext. M/4 dated 14th October, 1959, in answer to the recommendation made to confirm Shri Jain as a Junior Officer at Dehra Dun Office, it was stated, that Shri Jain was allowed to officiate as an officer at Dehra Dun Office only temporarily to meet an exigency, that his past record was not satisfactory, that even the Sub-Agent had stated, that he might be transferred to some other office, that the Head Office was not in favour of confirming Shri Jain as a Junior Officer at Dehra Dun, that there were others, who were not only senior to Shri Jain, but also better qualified, and that arrangements were being made to transfer a senior clerk from Lucknow to work as a Junior Officer at Dehra Dun. Ext. M/5 is the letter written by Shri Jain after reversion orders were issued to him. He prayed, that he might be confirmed in the officers' cadre. Ext. M/6 is another representation made by Shri Jain. Exts. M/7 dated 21st August, 1958, M/8 dated 3rd December, 1958, and M/9 dated 23rd March, 1959, have been produced as copies of Office Orders of the Sub-Agent at Dehra Dun, whereby Shri Jain was directed to attend to sale and purchase and agency ticking work along with his checking duties. Exts. M/10, 11, are extracts from the duty lists and are meant to show, that Shri Jain was entrusted with, and performing only clerical duties. These however do not help in determining the point at issue, because they relate

to a period prior to 1st July, 1958. Ext. M/9A has no date. Ext. M/12 is in September, 1959. Ext. M/4 dated 2nd August, 1960, is a communication by the Sub-Agent to the Controller, stating, that part of the checking duties done by Shri Katuria, the Junior Officer, were entrusted to Shri Jain during the absence of Shri Gupta, the Assistant Accountant.

10. The above is the correspondence, that has been referred to elaborately before me by either side. The question for determination is, whether Shri Jain was doing supervisory duties, in order to enable him to claim the allowance of Rs. 50, as laid down in Paragraph 164(b)(ix) of the Sastry Award. From the correspondence, referred to above, it can be concluded, that Shri Jain was entrusted with certain checking duties. It is however the case of the management, that these were mere routine checking duties, that they were not duties of a supervisory nature, and that he did not exercise or perform full-time supervisory duties at any time. On a consideration of the evidence, and other circumstances established in the case, I am of opinion, that the workman was performing full-time supervisory duties, as alleged by him, and that he is entitled to recover the allowance, as laid down in Paragraph 164(b). That he was doing certain checking duties, cannot be denied. The checking duties, that he performed, are not merely those set out in the written statement. It will not do for the management to minimise the nature of the duties, that Shri Jain was performing. In this connection the management have relied upon the observations of the Supreme Court in *Lloyds Bank Ltd.* (1961 1 LLJ 18). The following observations occur therein at page 22:—

"However, before a clerk can claim a special allowance, his work must appear to have some element of supervisory character. The work that is done by the clerks, in the audit department substantially consists of checking up books of accounts and entries made in them. This checking up is primarily a process of accounting, and the use of the word 'checking' cannot be permitted to introduce a consideration of supervisory nature. The work of checking the authority of the person passing the voucher or to enquire whether the limit of authority has been exceeded is also no doubt work of a checking type, but the checking is purely mechanical, and it cannot be said to include any supervisory function. If we take into account the six classes of clerks specified in Clause 9, it would suggest that in respect of each one of them there would normally be some person working under the persons falling in that clause; in other words, a person claiming the status of a supervisor in Clause 9 should normally have to supervise the work of some others who are in a sense below him."

It is important to see, that we are not dealing with the work done by a clerk in the audit department. On the contrary, if we refer to the evidence of M-W1 Shri Malhotra, it is clearly established, that the duties, that Shri Jain was performing, were of a supervisory nature, and that he was supervising the work of clerks, who were in a sense below him. According to the evidence of MW1 Shri R. P. Malhotra, who is Sub-Agent of the Dehra Dun Branch of the Bank since February, 1957, the Dehra Dun Branch had been suffering losses. There were two officers besides himself in the Branch namely, Sarvashri S. N. Gupta and B. L. Dutta. As the Branch was suffering losses, one officer, Shri Dutta was transferred in July 1958 to Saharanpur, and the post of one Officer was reduced. Some of the duties were given to Shri Jain and these are those shown in paragraph 2 of the written statement, and also in paragraph 2 of his counter affidavit, i.e. Ext. M/1. This evidence shows, that some of the duties, that were entrusted to Shri Jain were those that were being performed by one of the junior officers.

11. Nextly, Shri Malhotra deposes, that the work of the Bank increased in 1959. He was himself busy with court cases. Therefore, he felt the need for an additional officer. Thereupon he recommended Shri Jain for the post of additional officer, and Ext. W/3 is the officer order, showing this. He was informed by the Controller's office, that there were other persons, senior to Shri Jain, and that he had a bad service record. Thereupon the Head Office decided to get a man from Lucknow, and Ext. M/4 is the letter of the Head Office. Shri Katuria MW2, was posted as officer at Dehra Dun, and he was transferred from Lucknow.

12. The evidence of Shri Malhotra is, that, when one of the officers, Shri Dutta, was transferred to Saharanpur, there was interchange of duties between Shri S. N. Gupta, the second officer, and Shri Jain. Some of the duties were given to Shri Gupta and some to Shri Jain. It is clear from the evidence, that the duties, that were being performed by Shri M. L. Dutta and Shri S. N. Gupta,

the two junior officers, working in the Branch, were distributed as between Shri Jain and Shri S. N. Gupta, who was retained at Dehra Dun. Thus, the evidence establishes, that Shri Jain was performing the duties of a junior officer of the Bank.

13. Nextly, the evidence of Shri Malhotra is as follows:—

“Junior Officers have been supervising the work of clerks. The clerks are below the junior officers. The duties enumerated in Ext. W/12, are those performed by junior officers. All the duties, that Mr. Jain was performing, were those of junior officers, except clerical duties. Ticking of agency was clerical duty. This duty was being done by him as additional duty.”

The above evidence again shows, that the duties, that were being performed by Shri Jain, were those of junior officers, except clerical duties, that junior officers had been supervising the work of clerks, and that the clerks were below the junior officers. It is, therefore, legitimate to hold, that Shri Jain was performing the duties of a supervisory nature. This is further, made clear by the evidence of Shri Malhotra, who says, that the duties, that Shri Jain was doing were those performed by Shri S. N. Gupta, and Shri M. L. Dutta, when both were working in the Branch. Shri Malhotra also states, that between 1st July, 1958 and 31st May, 1959, and also between 6th November, 1959 and 6th October, 1960, Shri Jain's status remained the same. However, Shri Malhotra has come out with the theory, that Shri Jain was given the duties of a junior officer, because of Court cases. MW1 says, that he had to attend to court cases, that they had been pending for 2 or 3 years, and that Shri Jain was given the duties of an officer. Whatever may be the reason, it is important to bear in mind, the fact, that Shri Jain was doing the duties of a junior officer, and these were of a supervisory nature, and he was also supervising the work of clerks, who were below him.

14. Nextly, reference may be made to Ext. W/12, which is a copy of the written statement filed by the Central Bank in I.D. No. 402 of 1959 on the file of this Tribunal. The question there was, whether the junior officers of the Central Bank, under the description of Grade F and Grade E supervisors promoted to such posts from the existing workmen, were workmen. It is mentioned in paragraph 1 as follows:—

“According to the description adopted by the Bank for various classes of its employees, Grade F and Grade E officers are not referred to as supervisors, who were called junior officers. With reference to the question, whether junior officers were to be governed in the matter of emoluments and other conditions of service by the Sastry Award, or by the rules and regulations of the Bank, the question depended upon, whether such junior officers were workmen within the meaning of the Award.”

In paragraph 3, it is stated as follows:—

“The junior officers have responsibility of managerial directional and controlling nature, have power to pass final orders for payment, and to sign debit and credit vouchers, receipts, and other documents on behalf of the Bank, and have supervisory powers over the Bank's clerical staff.”

In paragraph 4 it is alleged, that all the junior officers performed all or some of the duties enumerated therein. It is stated in paragraph 5, that junior officers, employed in a Branch of the Bank, which did not have a large volume of business, performed all the said responsible duties, while the said duties were divided between two or more junior officers at a Branch, which had a large volume of business. In paragraph 6 it is mentioned, that the pay-scales of officers of Grades E and F were fixed by circulars issued by the Bank's Head Office on 23rd August, 1947, and that the minimum salary of a Grade F Officer was Rs. 165, rising to Rs. 225, and that of a Grade E Officer was Rs. 250 rising to Rs. 300. In paragraph 14 it is alleged, that the Bank had never regarded officers of Grades F and E as workmen, and that they were not governed by the Sastry Award. In paragraphs 23 it is alleged, that a clerk, on becoming a Grade F Officer, had the benefit of the Bank rules for Provident Fund and Gratuity, but not being a workman, was not entitled to the benefits under the Sastry Award, and he did not get supervisory or overtime allowance. It will thus be seen, that, according to the Bank the Grade E & F Officers were discharging managerial, controlling and supervisory duties, and were exercising supervisory powers over the Bank's clerical staff. Therefore, if Shri Jain was entrusted with duties of a junior officer after Shri Dutta's transfer to Saharanpur, and the duties of junior officers, Shri

Gupta and Shri Dutta were distributed as between Shri Jain and Shri Gupta, it is idle to contend, that Shri Jain was not exercising supervisory duties. Even applying the test laid down by the Supreme Court, as laid down above, it is clear, that Shri Jain was exercising supervisory duties, and was exercising supervisory powers, over the clerical staff of the Bank.

15. From the written statement, above referred to, it is obvious, that the Bank was really trying to deny the allowance of Rs. 50, payable to supervisors under the Sastry Award, by calling them officers Grades E & F, and by taking the stand, that they were no longer workmen, governed by the Sastry Award, but were officers governed by the Bank's regulations. It is this attitude, that prompted the Bank to deny Shri Jain the supervisory allowance of Rs. 50. The evidence shows, that not only was Shri Jain denied payment of Rs. 50, special allowance, fixed under the Sastry Award, but was not even given the Grade fixed for junior officers of Grade F, and was not placed in the Scale applicable to such Officers.

16. Another circumstance to be noted is, that Shri Jain was given a power of attorney. A copy of the power of attorney has been produced as Ext. W/13. The original power of attorney has not been produced by the Bank. The evidence of Shri Malhotra is, that a power of attorney was granted to Shri Jain. He has not verified about the correctness of Ext. W/13, by comparison with the original. He however says, that there are two types of power of attorney, one restricted, and one general. Ext. W/13 is of the restricted type, but he admits, that the restricted power of attorney is also granted to officers, and that the signatures of Shri Jain were circulated to all officers, and agencies of the Bank. The granting of the power of attorney also is a circumstance, supporting the workman's contention.

17. Again, Shri D. R. Katuria, MW2, deposes, that he came to the Dehra Dun Office in November, 1959, that he was previously working at Lucknow and that he was promoted as an Officer in November, 1959, and posted at Dehra Dun. This person is the senior clerk, referred to in the correspondence of the Head Office. It has been elicited, that MW2 is only a matriculate. Shri C. R. Kathuria, the Agent at Ludhiana, is his elder brother. He has not passed any banking examination. He does not know, if any clerks, senior to him, are still clerks. What is pertinent to note is, that, when Shri Malhotra, the Sub-Agent, recommended Shri Jain's confirmation as a Junior Officer the Bank considered, that he was not a fit person to be confirmed, and instead transferred a senior clerk, Shri Kathuria, and promoted him as a Junior Officer, and posted him to Dehra Dun. Shri Kathuria has been since then doing the duties, which Shri Jain had been doing. This means, that the duties, that Shri Jain was performing, were supervisory, which are now being performed by Shri Kathuria, a junior officer.

18. Considering the entire circumstances established on the evidence, it is clear, that Shri Jain was exercising supervisory functions, and not merely occasionally, or in a mere emergency, but was regularly and continuously exercising the same. He was not only exercising supervisory duties, but also was supervising the duties of clerks below him. He was exercising the duties of a junior officer of the Bank, whose duties were essentially supervisory. It is however argued, that Shri Jain was also performing clerical duties. It is admitted, that he was doing agency ticking work. The evidence of Shri Jain is, that this he was doing in addition to his supervisory duties. This did not take him 10 minutes. In Ext. M/7 Shri Jain was directed to do agency ticking work, along with checking duty. In Exts. M/8 and 9 there is reference to sales and purchase also. Granting, that Shri Jain was doing these duties, which were considered as clerical, that does not detract from his status as a supervisor, and of a junior officer. Even an officer can perform clerical duties, and that does not make him any the less an officer. It is next argued, that Shri Jain himself referred in the various representations, made by him, to his promotion as a junior Officer, and that, therefore, he cannot be granted the supervisory allowance, as now claimed. This is an untenable contention. The Bank, by calling the workmen, who were given supervisory duties, "officers" was really trying to deprive them of the advantages, which they would otherwise have as workmen under the Sastry Award. This fact, that Shri Jain requested for promotion as a junior officer, or for confirmation as a junior officer, does not detract from the status of a workman, and he remained a workman, exercising supervisory duties, when he was working as a junior officer.

19. It is next argued, that, as the corresponding of the Head Office shows, it was considered inadvisable to confirm Shri Jain as a junior officer, because of his previous bad record. No documents have been produced as substantiating this contention. On the contrary, the evidence of Shri Malhotra is, that he does not know anything about the previous bad record of Shri Jain. He did not issue

anything to him, on account of bad conduct. He did not issue any memo. regarding Shri Jain's want of efficiency. The accusation of bad conduct is untrue, and cannot be upheld, and there is no satisfactory proof about the same, and, on the contrary, the evidence of Shri Malhotra negatives such a plea. The contention on behalf of the workman is, that the Bank did not act *bona fide* in withdrawing the powers of a supervisor which he had been performing, and denying him the allowance, that was due to him, and that the Bank is guilty of a deliberate act of victimisation. It will be seen from Ext. W/5 dated 29th October 1959, that the petitioner wrote to the Controller, that since July, 1958 he was not taking part in the union's activities, and that he would not also participate in any such activities in future which might be harmful to the institution, and that he would be governed by the Bank's rules and regulations. The evidence of Shri Jain, is, that he was called by the Controller at Delhi Office, that he was assured, that he would be continued as an officer, and that he should give up his union activities. It has been contended on behalf of the workman, that the Bank, in withdrawing the supervisory powers granted to him, and the checking allowance of Rs. 10, was actuated by ulterior motives, that these actions of the Bank were due to the union activities of the workman, which were not palatable to the authorities of the Bank, and this shows, that the action of the Bank is an act of unfair labour practice. It is clear from the decision of the Supreme Court in Assam Oil Company (1960 ILLJ 587), that it is not open to an employer to dismiss an employee for the reason, that he had joined a trade union, that this was a fundamental right guaranteed to every citizen, and that it would be idle for anybody to contend, that the mere exercise of the said right would incur dismissal from service in private employment. It is quite obvious, that Shri Jain was reverted to his old post of clerk, and that the supervisory duties were withdrawn from him, because of his union activities. This action of the Bank is not *bona fide*. When Shri Jain was performing supervisory duties, and was discharging the duties of a junior officer, including supervision over the Bank's clerical staff, who were below him, he is entitled to be paid the allowance, payable to supervisors, i.e. Rs. 50 per month, according to Paragraph 164(b)(ix) of the Sastry Award. It may be, that he received Stenographer's Allowance till 1st June 1959, but neither this nor the checking allowance of Rs. 10 was adequate, and the payment of Rs. 30 was not in compliance with the direction in Paragraph 164(b)(ix) of the Sastry Award. He is entitled to recover the difference.

20. It is, however argued, that he officiated as an officer, and that he was given officiating allowance. Whatever officiating allowance he received, will go in reduction of the supervisory allowance of Rs. 50, but this cannot detract from the status of Shri Jain as a supervisor. I find, that Shri Jain was exercising supervisory duties that his status was that of a supervisor, that he was supervising the work of clerical staff, who were below him, that he was exercising these duties from 1st July 1958 till these were withdrawn in October, 1960, and that he is entitled to recover at the rate of Rs. 50 per month, payable to supervisors under Paragraph 164(b) of the Sastry Award. The Bank may however take credit for such sums that have been paid to Shri Jain by way of Stenographer's Allowance of Rs. 20, and Checking Allowance of Rs. 10, and Officiating Allowance.

21. It is argued on behalf of the workman, that he is entitled to recover from the Bank at Rs. 50 per month, even after 6th October 1960, and in spite of the withdrawal of powers, in October, 1960. I have found above, that the action of the Bank, in withdrawing the said powers, is an act of unfair labour practice, and is not *bona fide*, and that it was resorted to because of the Union activities of Shri Jain. Apart from the above, the decision of the Supreme Court in the Lloyds Bank (1961 ILLJ 18) is important. It is observed at page 23 as follows:—

"If the nature of the clerks' work is such as to put them in category 2, that fixes their status as supervisors, and, speaking generally, the status of supervisors attained by the clerks cannot be taken away merely by transferring them from one department to another."

Therefore, when Shri Jain had attained the status of "Supervisor," and was exercising supervisory duties, and was entitled to receive the allowance of Rs. 50 under Paragraph 164(b)(ix), he cannot be deprived of the said allowance by mere withdrawal of such duties, or by transferring him to another department, or by passing an order of reversion. This cannot be done except in exceptional circumstances. The contention, that Shri Jain's previous record was not good, has not been substantiated. I have referred to the evidence of Shri Malhotra, which shows, that this contention cannot prevail. In these circumstances, there is no justification for denying the payment of Rs. 50, even after the duties were withdrawn. However, the management have drawn attention in this connection, to the provisions in the Bank Award, Paragraph 168. It is stated therein, that there are certain categories described by such terms as "Junior Assistant", and "Senior Assistant," and classified by some banks as "Officers", that these terms

do not by themselves indicate the nature of the work entrusted to them, irrespective of the designation in so far as their work fell under clerical work, though of a higher type, and that they must also be entitled to the scales of pay, minimum special allowance, etc., which had been prescribed for the appropriate kind of work "during such periods as were incharge of that kind of work." It is true, that Paragraph 168 of the Bank Award lays down, that the payment of special allowance should be confined "to such periods as they are incharge of that kind of work". This direction in the Award tends to support the contention on behalf of the management, that, even if Shri Jain performed duties of a supervisor, he is at best entitled to the supervisory allowance of Rs. 50 per month only upto October, 1960. But, in view of the observations of the Supreme Court, referred to above, I am of opinion, that the supervisory allowance should be paid even subsequent to October, 1960, and especially in view of my finding, that such withdrawal of powers is not *bona fide*. I find that Shri Jain should be paid supervisory allowance from 1st July 1958 onwards, and shall continue to be paid at that rate thereafter till date, subject to the deductions, referred to in paragraph 20 above.

22. In the result, the petition is allowed, and an award is passed as follows:—

- (i) The management of The Central Bank of India Limited shall pay Shri B. P. Jain, the allowance payable to supervisors under Paragraph 164(b)(ix) of the Sastry Award at the rate of Rs. 50 per month, commencing from 1st July 1958, and they may take credit for any allowances, already paid to him, as referred to above.

(ii) No order as to costs.

(Seventeen pages)

The 30th May, 1961.

E. KRISHNA MURTI,

Central Government Labour Court: Delhi.

[No. 55(14)/61-LRIV.]

ORDER

New Delhi, the 15th June 1961

S.O. 1459.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Chaldean Syrian Bank Limited, and their workmen in respect of the matter specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 7A and clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby constitutes an Industrial Tribunal of which Shri V. U. Joseph shall be the Presiding Officer with headquarters at Ernakulam and refers the said dispute for adjudication to the said Industrial Tribunal.

SCHEDULE

Whether the punishment imposed on Sarvashri K. V. John and Madhava Menon was justified keeping in view the provisions of the Award of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes), Bombay, as modified by section 3 of the Industrial Disputes (Banking Companies) Decision Act, 1955 (41 of 1955) and, if not, to what relief are they entitled?

[No. 51(31)/61-LRIV.]

G. JAGANNATHAN, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 16th June 1961

S.O. 1460.—In pursuance of sub-section (3) of section 17 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), read with paragraph 27-A of the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme 1952 and in supersession of the notification issued by the Central Provident Fund Commissioner, Employees' Provident Fund No. E. 104 (27/S)2-13150, dated the 16th August, 1956, the Central Government hereby directs that employers in relation to establishments, whose employees have been exempted under the said paragraph, shall be required to pay with effect from the date of exemption to the Employees' Provident Fund inspection charges at the rate of 3/4 per cent of the total employers' and employees' contributions, within fifteen days of the close of every month.

[No. 9/17/60/PF-II.]

S.O. 1461.—In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952, the Central Government hereby nominates, in consultation with recognised employees' organisations Shri B. S. Mahadev Singh as a member of the Central Board and makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 1861, dated the 31st October, 1952, namely:—

In column 2 against item No. 18 the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"Shri B. S. Mahadev Singh, President, Hind Mazdoor Sabha, Opposite Old Jail, Market Street, Secunderabad, Andhra Pradesh".

[No. F. 10/2/61/PF-II.]

S.O. 1462.—In pursuance of paragraph 4 of the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952, the Central Government hereby nominates on the recommendation of the State Government Shri Qazi Mukhtar Ahmad to be a member of the Regional Committee for the State of Uttar Pradesh in the place of Shri S. A. Ahmad and makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Labour and Employment, No. S.O. 1703, dated the 29th June, 1960, namely:—

For the entry in the second column against item (2) in the said notification, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"Shri Qazi Mukhtar Ahmad, Deputy Secretary to the Government of Uttar Pradesh, Labour Department, Lucknow".

[No. 10/4/60/PF-II.]

New Delhi, the 17th June 1961

S.O. 1463.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952, (19 of 1952), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri Uma Kant Bajpai, Assistant Provident Fund Commissioner, West Bengal to be an Inspector for the whole of the State of West Bengal for the purposes of the said Act and of any scheme framed thereunder, in relation to an establishment belonging to, or under the control of, the Central Government or in relation to an establishment connected with a railway company, a major port, a mine or an oil-field or a controlled industry.

[No. 20(8)61-PF. I.]

New Delhi, the 19th June 1961

S.O. 1464.—The following amendments to the Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (Staff Contributory Provident Fund) Regulations, 1960 which have been made by the Central Board of Trustees of the Employees' Provident Fund in pursuance of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 23 of the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952, and with the approval of the Central Government are published for general information, namely:—

In the Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (Staff Contributory Provident Fund) Regulations, 1960:—

(1) in regulation 13(i)(a) the word "incurred" shall be omitted;

- (2) in regulation 14, for the words and figures commencing "or in any case" and ending "such instalments", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"and more than 24. In special cases, where the amount of advance exceeds three months' pay of the subscriber the Commissioner may fix such number of instalments to be more than 24 but in no case more than 36. The amount of advance may be raised or reduced, if necessary to admit of the fixation of such instalments".

[No. 34(14)/60-PF-I.]

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 19th June, 1961

S.O. 1465.—In the Schedule annexed to the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment, No. S.O. 1464, dated the 19th June, 1959, published in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3(ii), dated the 27th June, 1959, on pages 1482-83, the establishments mentioned against serial numbers 1, 12, 13 and 14 shall be omitted.

[No. PF. II-7(20)/59.]

P. D. GAIHA, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 19th June, 1961

S.O. 1466.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1947, (32 of 1947), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Rules 1949, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund (Amendment) Rules, 1961.
2. In the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Rules, 1949, in sub-rule (2) of rule 5,
 - (i) the words "also of the Madhya Pradesh Coalfield Sub-Committee and, in the case of other Coalfields Sub-Committees," shall be omitted and
 - (ii) for the words "meetings of the other Coalfields Sub-Committees" the words, 'meetings of Coalfields Sub-Committees' shall be substituted.

[No. 1/2/61-MIL.]

B. R. KHANNA, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 16th June 1961

S.O. 1467.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby appoints the Labour Inspector (Central), at Hubli as Conciliation Officer for—

- (i) All industries carried on by or under the authority of the Central Government other than railways;
- (ii) all controlled industries specified by the Central Government under sub-clause (i) of clause (a) of section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947;
- (iii) all banking and insurance companies; and
- (iv) all mines, oil fields and major parts—in the State of Mysore.

[No. F. 1/35/61-LRI.]

ORDERS

New Delhi, the 14th June 1961

S.O. 1468.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that on industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Kargali Colliery Workshop of National Coal Development Corporation and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the management was justified in placing Shri Samundl Mechanical Fitter in Category IV under the award of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Colliery Disputes) and if not, to what relief is he entitled?

[No. 2/194/60-LRIL.]

New Delhi, the 15th June 1961

S.O. 1469.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Digwadih Colliery and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Whether the dismissal of Shri Jagdish Singh, an underground munshi, by the management of Digwadih Colliery was justified, and if not, to what relief is he entitled?

[No. 2/68/60-LRIL.]

A. L. HANDA, Under Secy.